

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → ☐

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.

TI-26111

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier

Changming Jin

Title

Integrated Circuit Dielectric And Method

Express Mail Label No.

EL162525669US

On Page 1 of the specification, before line 1, insert -This application claims priority under 35 USC § 119(e)(1) of provisional application number 60/063,226 filed 10/23/97.--

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP Chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents

ADDRESS TO:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 20231

1. ☒ *Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☒ Specification [Total Pages **22**]
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
- Descriptive title of the Invention
- Cross References to Related Applications
- Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R&D
- Reference to Microfiche Appendix
- Background of the Invention
- Brief Summary of the Invention
- Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
- Detailed Description
- Claim(s)
- Abstract of the Disclosure
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC d113) [Total Sheets **19**]
4. Oath or Declaration [Total Pages **2**]
a. ☒ Newly Executed (original or copy)
b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR §1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
[Note Box 5 below]
i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s)
named in the prior application,
see 37 CFR §1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of
the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as
being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is
hereby incorporated by reference therein.

6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)
a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
c. ☐ Statement verifying identical of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & Documents(s))
9. ☐ 37 CFR §3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☒ Power of Attorney
10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
14. ☐ *Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application
(PTO/SB/09-12) Status still proper and desired
15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
if foreign priority is claimed
16. ☐ Other:

*A new statement is required to be entitled to pay small entity fees, except where one has been filed in a prior application and is being relied upon.

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No: /
Prior application information: Examiner _____ Group / Art Unit: _____

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS




Customer Number or Bar Code Label

(Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)



Correspondence address below

NAME	Carlton H. Hoel, Texas Instruments Incorporated		
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COUNTRY	USA	TELEPHONE	(972) 917-4365
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		FAX	(972) 917-4418

Name (Print/Type)	Carlton H. Hoel	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)	29,934
Signature		Date	10/23/98

<h2 style="margin: 0;">FEE TRANSMITTAL</h2> <p style="font-size: small; margin: 5px 0;">Note: Effective October 1, 1997. Patent fees are subject to annual revision.</p>	Complete if Known												
TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$) 790	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 40%;">Application Number</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Filing Date</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>First Named Inventor</td><td>Changming Jin</td></tr> <tr><td>Group Art Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Examiner Name</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Attorney Docket Number</td><td>TI-26111</td></tr> </table>	Application Number		Filing Date		First Named Inventor	Changming Jin	Group Art Unit		Examiner Name		Attorney Docket Number	TI-26111
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METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)	FEE CALCULATION (continued)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
<p>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any over payments to:</p> <p>Deposit Account Number 20-0668</p> <p>Deposit Account Name Texas Instruments Incorporated</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Charge Any Additional Fee Required Under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17 <input type="checkbox"/> Charge the Issue Fee Set in 37 CFR 1.18 at the Mailing of the Notice of Allowance</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> Payment Enclosed: <input type="checkbox"/> Check <input type="checkbox"/> Money Order <input type="checkbox"/> Other</p>	<h3>3. 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Typed or Printed Name	Carlton H. Hoel			Reg. Number	29,934
Signature				Date	10/23/98
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Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

INTEGRATED CIRCUIT DIELECTRIC AND METHOD

RELATED APPLICATIONS

The following patent applications disclose related subject matter: Serial Nos. 60/047,787 filed 05/28/97 (docket 23611). These applications have a common assignee with the present application.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

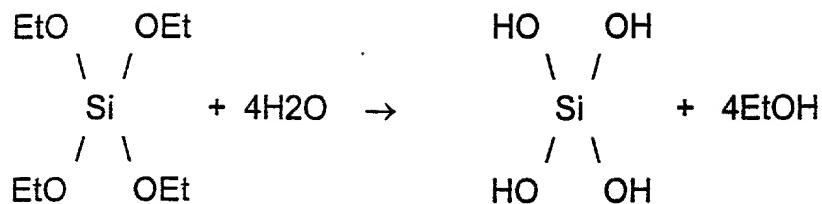
The invention relates to electronic semiconductor devices, and, more particularly, to dielectric structures and fabrication methods for such structures.

The performance of high density integrated circuits is dominated by metal interconnect level RC time delays due to the resistivity of the metal lines and the capacitive coupling between adjacent lines. The capacitive coupling can be reduced by decreasing the relative permittivity (dielectric constant, k) of the dielectric (insulator) between adjacent lines.

Various dielectric materials have been suggested for use in silicon integrated circuits; namely, silicon dioxide (k about 4.0), fluorinated silicon dioxide (k about 3.0-4.0), organic materials such as polyimide, parylene, amorphous teflon (k about 1.9 -3.9), and porous dielectrics such as silicon dioxide xerogels (k dependent upon pore size and typically 1.3-3.0). The porosity can be up to 99% by volume. See Smith et al, Preparation of Low-Density Xerogel at Ambient Pressure for Low k Dielectrics, 381 Mat.Res.Soc.Symp.Proc. 261 (1995).

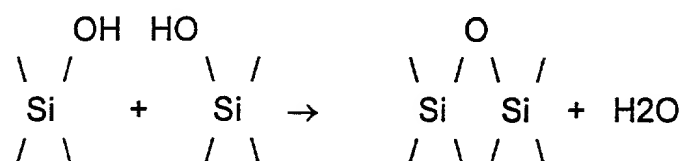
Thin film silica xerogels for integrated circuit dielectric use can be fabricated by the generic steps of (1) precursor preparation, (2) spin coating, (3) aging, (4) solvent exchange, and (5) drying. The acid-base sol-gel reactions could be as follows:

Hydrolyze an alkoxide in a solvent:



The solvent could be ethanol (EtOH).

Then condense (gel) the hydrolyzed alkoxides:



The condensation would be controlled so that spin coating occurs after partial condensation to a convenient viscosity.

The solvent exchange replaces the original solvent residing within the pores of the gel by low-surface-tension solvent to reduce the capillary pressure during drying and minimizing the collapse of the pores. USP 5,561,318 discloses variations of the process.

However, silica xerogels have not yet become manufacturable.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides silica xerogel dielectric fabrication with gel aging in a flowing catalyst ambient in an aging chamber. Preferred embodiment ambients include saturated ammonium hydroxide.

This has the advantages of manufacturable interlevel dielectrics incorporating xerogel to lower dielectric constant.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The drawings are heuristic for clarity.

Figures 1a-k are cross sectional elevation views of a preferred embodiment integrated circuit fabrication method steps and apparatus.

Figures 2a-b illustrate in cross sectional elevation views another preferred embodiment.

Figures 3a-f show in cross sectional elevation views a further preferred embodiment.

Figures 4a-c are cross sectional elevation views of another preferred embodiment.

Figure 5 shows open pore filling adhesion.

Figure 6 illustrates hard shell.

Figures 7a-b show in cross sectional elevation views of steps of a further preferred embodiment.

Figures 8a-e illustrate in cross sectional and plan views preferred embodiment layout structures.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Overview

The preferred embodiments facilitate incorporation of xerogel as a major component of interlevel dielectrics for integrated circuits by providing gel aging chambers with continuously flowing catalyst (such as ammonia and water vapor mixtures) plus automated spin rinse solvent exchange and hydrophobic surface treatment. This permits fully automated and integrated xerogel formation: a precursor spin coater, an aging chamber, a spin rinser, and a drying chamber may all be structured together with automatic wafer transport between.

Gapfill etchback preferred embodiment

Figures 1a-g illustrate in cross sectional elevation views the steps of preferred embodiment fabrication methods for integrated circuits (e.g., CMOS or BiCMOS) as follows.

(1) Start with a silicon wafer (or silicon on insulator wafer) with shallow trench isolation and twin wells for CMOS devices (optionally, plus memory cell array wells and bipolar device buried layers). Perform threshold adjustment implants (which may differ for cell transistors and various peripheral transistors), and form gate dielectric. Deposit tungsten silicide coated polysilicon gate material and a silicon dioxide layer, then pattern the layers to form oxide-topped gates plus gate level interconnects. The gate material could also provide a polysilicon emitter for bipolar devices which would also require a prior base implant. See Figure 1a which shows silicon substrate 102 with shallow trench isolation oxide 104 plus gates 110 and gate level interconnect 112. Gates 110 may be 200-300 nm high and 130-250 nm long (Figure 1a is a cross section along the gate length, and gates typically have widths much greater than their lengths). An alternative would be formation of polysilicon gates followed by a self-aligned silicidation (after the source/drain and sidewall dielectric formations of the next step) to create a silicide on both the gate top and the source/drains.

(2) Perform lightly doped drain implants, and then form sidewall dielectric on the gates by deposition plus anisotropic etching. Introduce dopants to form sources and drains 114. Cover the gate level structure with a planarized dielectric layer 120 (such as BPSG or a stack of conformal and planarized layers including undoped oxide such as a deposition from TEOS); see Figure 1b.

(3) For a structure with an embedded memory cell array using one-transistor one-capacitor memory cells, the bitlines and cell capacitors may be formed next. For clarity such steps are not illustrated and attendant additional dielectrics deposited on dielectric 120 will just be considered part of dielectric 120.

(4) Photolithographically define and etch holes (contacts, vias) in planarized dielectric 120 down to selected source/drains 114 and locations on gate level interconnects 112 (and also to selected bitline locations for embedded memory). Blanket deposit (including filling vias) a metal stack such as 50 nm of Ti, 50 nm of TiN, 500 nm of W or Al (doped with Cu and Si), and 50 nm of TiN; the bottom Ti and TiN form a diffusion barrier and the top TiN forms an antireflective coating for lithography. Prior to the W or Al deposition the bottom Ti may be reacted with the source/drain to form a silicide to stabilize the metal-to-silicon contact. The Ti and TiN may be deposited by physical vapor deposition (PVD) or chemical vapor deposition (CVD) (e.g., $\text{TiCl}_4 + \text{NH}_3 \rightarrow \text{TiN} + \text{HCl}$); the aluminum may be deposited by PCD and then forced into the vias under high pressure or by CVD; and W may be deposited by CVD. Alternatively, the vias may be filled with W by a CVD blanket deposition followed by an etchback to leave W only in the vias (W plug), and then blanket Ti, TiN, Al, and TiN depositions.

(5) Photolithographically define and etch the first level metal to form first level interconnects 130; see Figure 1c. The gaps between adjacent interconnects 130 may be on the order of 200-300 nm, and these minimal gaps dominate the capacitive couplings.

(6) Deposit a 50 nm thick conformal oxide liner 140 on interconnects 130 plus exposed dielectric 120 by plasma-enhanced decomposition of TEOS with oxygen or ozone. Liner 140 passivates the metal surfaces and prevents diffusion of metal along the pores of the subsequently deposited xerogel. It also provides mechanical strength to suppress electromigration and suppress interconnect-to-interconnect leakage current. Other dielectric liner materials may be used, but the liner material contributes to the effective dielectric constant between the minimal gaps. Thus high dielectric constant liner material must be very thin.

(7) Spin coat liner 140 with a solution of xerogel precursor (e.g., oligomers condensed from hydrolyzed TEOS monomers in an ethanol plus ethylene glycol or other polynol solvent) but without added catalyst such as HCl or NH₄OH. The viscosity of the coating solution determines the planarity of the resulting xerogel as described in the viscosity section below. The spun on coating 142 may be thick enough to: cover the tops of the interconnects 130 by roughly 100 nm, fill the minimal gaps, and be roughly 300 nm thick in open areas between interconnects. About 3 ml of precursor on a 200 mm diameter (8 inch) wafer suffices; see Figure 1d. The ethanol quickly evaporates and the spin speed can be increased to planarize; see the following Viscosity section for details.

(8) Age the coated solution on the wafer at room temperature in an NH₃ + H₂O atmosphere for about 1.5 minutes. The NH₃ (and H₂O) dissolves in the coated solution and catalyzes the gelling (polymerization of the oligomers into polymers). Maintain a steady ratio NH₃ + H₂O atmosphere during the aging by using an aging chamber system as illustrated in cross sectional elevation and plan views in Figures 1h-i with a continuous flow of NH₃ + H₂O gas mixture. For 200 mm wafers, aging chamber 190 has a diameter of roughly 220mm and a height of roughly 5 mm with densely and uniformly distributed gas inlets about the bottom periphery and a central gas outlet in the removable top. The wafer can sit upon some pins extending from the bottom of chamber 190 or the wafer could be held down by a wafer chuck formed in the bottom of chamber 190.

Chamber 190 can be integrated into a standard spin-on-glass track system so that all of the processing steps may be fully automated. Flowing a gas mixture having a constant NH_3 to H_2O ratio (as could be generated by bubbling NH_3 through an NH_4OH solution) over the coated solution will reduce the exchange time with air after each insertion of a new wafer into the chamber and also speed up the exchange of fresh $\text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ with the layer of coated solution immediately above the wafer surface. The NH_3 flow rate into the bubbler may be in the range of 0.5 to 10 liters per minute; this implies a flushing of chamber 190 roughly every 1 to 23 seconds. The pressure in aging chamber 190 is slightly over atmospheric, and the NH_3 to H_2O ratio can be in the range of 40 to 100. At room temperature NH_3 is in gas phase and the vapor pressure of H_2O is about 15 Torr; the vapor pressure ratio of NH_3 to H_2O over saturated aqueous NH_4OH is roughly 40 to 1.

Figure 1j shows an alternative to the bubbler system of Figure 1i which uses a vaporizer with separately-controlled NH_3 and H_2O inputs to generate a constant NH_3 to H_2O ratio mixture to inject into aging chamber 190. In this system the NH_3 input is in gas form, and the H_2O input is in liquid form. The partial pressure ratio of NH_3 to H_2O can be in the range of 10 to 100 (so the gas is primarily NH_3), and the NH_3 flow can be in the range of 0.5 to 10 liters per minute as with the bubbler system. This system allows a wider range of control of the NH_3 to H_2O vapor ratio.

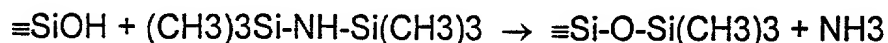
The foregoing ammonia catalyst could be replaced with other catalysts deliverable in gas form. For example, HCl or $\text{HCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ could also be used in similar systems.

The foregoing systems of continuous gaseous catalyst delivery to the coated wafer can be modified to increase the gel reaction rate by heating the coated wafer to 100 C. However, the high temperature will increase solvent (e.g., ethylene glycol) evaporation which may lead to polymer network collapse. Thus include saturated solvent vapor in the gaseous catalyst flow. Note that ethanol will rapidly evaporate even at room temperature in the foregoing

systems, and only the low vapor pressure component of the solvent need be injected. For a bubbler system, the NH₃ + H₂O gas could be generated in an NH₄OH bubbler and then be used to bubble through an ethylene glycol bubbler at 100 C and then injected into aging chamber 190. The vaporizer system could simply have a third input for the ethylene glycol plus heat the gas mixture to the temperature of the aging chamber or higher. A gas mixture at atmospheric pressure and 100 C of roughly 90% NH₃, 8% H₂O, and 2% ethylene glycol would provide both the catalyst and saturated solvent (at 100 C the vapor pressure of ethylene glycol is about 16 Torr). The water temperature cannot be too high; high temperatures reduce the solubility of NH₃ in H₂O and the pH values of NH₄OH solution plus decrease its catalytic effect.

(9) Replace the solvent in the polymer network pores (primarily ethylene glycol) with ethanol or some other low surface tension liquid by continuous spin rinsing with ethanol. The spin rinsing for a 200 mm wafer can be performed in 10-30 seconds at spin speeds of 100-400 rpm and an ethanol dispensing rate of 0.5 to 2.0 liters per minute. Without this replacement the high surface tension of the original solvent may (partially) collapse the polymer network during solvent evaporation due to surface tension within the drying pores. However, if the polymer network is strong enough to withstand the surface tension, then this step could be omitted.

(10) Spin a source of hydrophobic groups, such as hexamethyldisilazane (HMDS), onto the solvent-exchanged gel of the preceding step to convert any remaining hydroxyl groups on the polymer network to hydrophobic groups, such as trimethylsilyl groups. The spin rinsing with HMDS for a 200 mm wafer can be performed in 10-30 seconds at spin speeds of 100-400 rpm and an HMDS dispensing rate of 0.5 to 2.0 liters per minute. The reaction could be of the type:



Typically, the overall hydrolysis plus condensation reaction converts roughly 70% of the ethoxysilicon bonds of the TEOS to siloxane bonds and the remaining 30% of the ethoxysilicon bonds mostly into silanol bonds. The hydrophobic group substitution eliminates most of these silanol bonds. The silanol groups are hydrophilic and induce higher dielectric constants and cause potential metal corrosion problems. However, if hydrolysis plus condensation produces only a small number of hydroxyl groups, then this step could be omitted.

(11) Spin rinse the wafer with a low surface-tension liquid such as hexane. The spin rinsing for a 200 mm wafer can be performed in 10-30 seconds at spin speeds of 100-400 rpm and a hexane dispensing rate of 0.5 to 2.0 liters per minute. If the polymer network of the gel is strong enough, then this solvent exchange may be omitted. A final 5-10 second spin at 1000-3000 rpm helps to start drying the gel. The three spin rinsing steps (solvent exchange, hydrophobic group substitution, and final solvent exchange) can all be done in succession in the same spin coating cup used for the original precursor coating, a separate cup, or even in a photoresist development cup.

Then evaporate the majority of the hexane by heating the wafer to 300-350 C for about 60 seconds to dry the gel and thereby form a xerogel which consists of the polymer network with vapors/air in the pores. The xerogel may be 50-90% pores and 10-50% polymer network by volume with the pores having an average diameter on the order of 10-20 nm.

The drying may be automated and integrated with the spin coating, aging, and spin rinsing as illustrated in plan view in Figure 1k.

(12) Further dry the hydrophobic xerogel in a reducing atmosphere of forming gas (95% N₂ + 5% H₂) at 425 C for 30 minutes. The drying drives residual liquid out of the xerogel pores. The Drying section below describes alternative drying environments.

Note that the xerogel in the gaps between interconnects is constrained by the surrounding surfaces and cannot shrink (without pulling loose from a surface), whereas the overlying xerogel may shrink down without constraint.

Thus the relative pore volume in the gaps may be higher than the relative pore volume above the interconnects, and thus the dielectric constant may be lower in the gaps than above the interconnects.

(13) Etchback the xerogel 142 about 100 nm to expose the liner on the tops of the interconnects 130; see Figure 1e. The etchback may be by a fluorine-based plasma. This etchback to clear the xerogel from the tops of the interconnects 130 has the advantage that vias in the next level of interconnects will not have to be etched through xerogel, so lateral etching control may be simple and outgassing from the xerogel into etched vias will not be a problem.

(14) Spin on 200-300 nm average thickness layer 144 of hydrogen silsesquioxane (HSQ) and cure it at 400 C. HSQ layer 144 adheres to underlying xerogel 142 (probably by filling open pores at the surface) and provides a good surface for subsequent deposition of a thick capping dielectric; see Figure 1e. Without HSQ adhesion layer 144, the hydrophobic surface of xerogel 142 would provide poor adhesion for oxide deposited by plasma-enhanced TEOS decomposition. The Adhesion sections below describes further xerogel surface adhesion enhancement preferred embodiments.

(15) Deposit a 1500 nm thick dielectric 146 on the HSQ surface by plasma enhanced decomposition of TEOS with oxygen or ozone. Then planarize dielectric 146 with chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) to provide for an intermetal level dielectric thickness of about 1000 nm. This completes the first metal level interconnects; and further levels result from repetition steps (4)-(15) where the vias in the planarized dielectric extend down to immediately underlying interconnects. Note that a via may effectively extend through two or more levels by simply forming a vertical stack of vias and overlying small metal patches..

Gapfill without etchback

The preceding preferred embodiment etched back the xerogel in step (13) to expose the liner on top of the interconnects. In contrast, the nonetchback

preferred embodiment omits this etchback step and spins on the adhesion layer (e.g., HSQ) immediately after completion of the xerogel drying. Thus follow preceding steps (1)-(12), corresponding to Figures 1a-d, skip step (13), and continue with step (14). See Figure 2a showing 100-nm-average-thickness adhesion layer 244 on as-deposited xerogel 242 with 700 nm thick planarized dielectric layer 246 on the adhesion layer.

As in preceding preferred embodiment step (15), next define and etch vias through dielectric 246, adhesion layer 244, xerogel 242, and liner 140 down to interconnects 130. Note that the via etch only goes through about 100 nm of xerogel 242. Experimentally, the exposed xerogel appears not to contaminate the via bottom, and TiN or Ti/TiN barrier of interconnect 260 makes a good interface with xerogel 242.

Of course, most of the via sidewall is oxide 246, so even poor adhesion to xerogel 242 by the barrier layer does not present a problem. Interconnects 260 are patterned, liner 270 deposited, second level xerogel 272 formed, HSQ adhesion layer 274 spun on, and capping oxide 276 deposited in the same manner as the corresponding components of the gapfill with etchback preferred embodiment previously described; see Figure 2b

Damascene preferred embodiment

A further preferred embodiment uses xerogel dielectric in a damascene approach as illustrated in Figures 3a-f. In particular, begin with steps (1)-(4) of the gapfill preferred embodiments (Figures 1a-b), and in place of step (5) (patterning the blanket metal to form the first level interconnects) etchback the blanket metal to leave metal only in the vias; see Figure 3a showing metal plugs 330 in the vias. The metal etchback may be, for example, by (isotropic) plasma etch (endpoint by loading drop) or by CMP. Alternatively, fill the vias by the same approach using doped polysilicon rather than metal: a blanket deposition of in situ doped polysilicon which fills the vias followed by an etchback to remove the polysilicon outside of the vias.

After via fill, spin on xerogel precursor solution (plus catalyst if necessary) and process as in preceding gapfill preferred embodiment steps (7)-(12) to form 700 nm thick xerogel layer 342.

Next, photolithographically define the locations of interconnects and etch trenches 341 in the xerogel down to dielectric 120 or plugs 330 at these locations; see Figure 3b. The minimal spacing between adjacent trenches is about 200-300 nm, so the free-standing xerogel strips 343 have an aspect ratio of roughly 3 to 1. The etch may be an anisotropic fluorine-based plasma etch, such as $\text{CF}_4 + \text{CHF}_3 + \text{He} + \text{Ar}$. Because the xerogel has high porosity, it etches much faster than oxide, so an overetch will not remove much of underlying dielectric 120 even if dielectric 120 is oxide. Alternatively, dielectric 120 could have a nitride upper portion to provide a more selective etchstop for the xerogel trench etch.

Blanket deposit 20-50 nm thick TiN conformal barrier layer 350 by PVD or CVD. Other barrier materials include TaN, Ta₂N, W₂N and TiSiN (which can be formed by silane treatment of amorphous TiN). The hydrophobic surface of xerogel 342 may not provide sufficient adhesion for the barrier layer, so activate the xerogel surface by removing the hydrophobic methyl groups in a hydrogen-containing plasma. The adhesion sections below describe surface activation embodiments. Also, CVD TiN provides better sidewall coverage than PVD, so use a CVD process such as ammonia plus tetrakisdimethylamino titanium (TDMAT).

Deposit (e.g., electroplate, CVD, PVD) 200 nm thick copper layer 352 on the TiN; this fills the interconnect trenches etched in the xerogel 342 in the previous step plus covers the remainder of the wafer. See Figure 3c.

Remove the portion of copper 352 outside of the interconnects by CMP; the CMP also planarizes any bumpiness in the plated copper. Alternatively, use a halogen plasma etch of copper, but these etches typically have fairly low etch rates because, for example, copper chloride tends to polymerize. CuCl can be removed with a strong Lewis acid such as triethylphosphine which reacts to form

the gas $\text{ClCu}(\text{PEt}_3)_2$. Barrier layer 350 may also be a CMP polish stop; in this case the barrier must be etched off after the polishing. This CMP (or etching) leaves copper only as interconnect 352.

After the copper polishing, deposit 700 nm thick dielectric layer 360; see Figure 3d. The dielectric may be oxide and deposited by plasma-enhanced TEOS decomposition with oxygen or ozone. This completes the first level interconnect (analogous to Figure 1f), and repetition of the foregoing steps (via etch and fill, xerogel deposition, trench etch, trench fill, and dielectric deposition) provides further interconnect levels.

An alternative structure for more protection of the xerogel from CMP damage includes forming a 100 nm thick oxide layer 346 (on adhesion layer 344) on xerogel 342 surface prior to interconnect trench etch. In this case the trenches are etched through both the oxide (plus adhesion layer) and the xerogel; see Figure 3e. Then follow the previously-described steps: barrier deposition, copper electroplating, and CMP to remove the copper outside of the interconnects. The CMP can remove a portion (or all) of the oxide plus adhesion layer, but the oxide (plus adhesion layer) protect the xerogel from exposure to the CMP; see Figure 3f. Of course, a thick adhesion layer which also provides good CMP properties could be used in place of a thin adhesion layer plus deposited oxide.

Further levels of interconnects can be made by repeating the steps of etch vias in the dielectric on the xerogel plus top level interconnects, fill the vias, form xerogel layer, pattern interconnects in the xerogel, deposit blanket metal, polish to complete interconnects, and deposit overlying dielectric.

Slot geometry preferred embodiment

A further preferred embodiment deposits oxide over the interconnects, etches trenches between minimally spaced interconnects, and then fills the trenches with xerogel by a spin on and etchback. In particular, Figures 4a-c illustrate this approach. Figure 4a shows trenches 441 which have been etched

in planarized oxide 440 and between minimally spaced adjacent interconnects 430. Again, interconnects 430 may be 700 nm high and 200 nm wide with the minimal spacing of 200 nm.

Next, spin on a xerogel precursor solution which fills trenches 441 plus the horizontal portions of oxide 440, and then react to form the gel and dry to form xerogel 442. Etchback xerogel 442 (fluorine-based plasma) to remove all of the xerogel outside of the trenches; see Figure 4b.

Deposit and planarize thick oxide 460 on oxide 440 and xerogel 442, the poor adhesion to xerogel 442 is not a problem because of the large oxide 440 area. Etch vias in oxide 460 down to interconnects 430, and deposit and pattern metal to form interconnects 470; see Figure 4c. This approach only has xerogel in minimal gaps between adjacent interconnects; of course, this is where the xerogel has the most effect in lowering capacitive coupling.

Interconnects 430 could have a silicon nitride liner; this permits selective oxide etching the trenches in the minimal gaps between adjacent interconnects and leave the nitride liner to protect xerogel 442 from metal interconnects 430. However, such a liner will increase the effective dielectric constant between the adjacent interconnects.

Surface filling adhesion

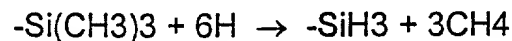
HSQ adhesion layer 144 of the preferred embodiments could be replaced by layers of other materials which also have good gap fill properties. In particular, the average pore size of xerogel varies with the dielectric constant, and for dielectric constants about 1.5 to 2.0 the average pore size is on the order of 10 to 25 nm. Thus a material which is depositable to fill open pores of this size at the surface will have a large contact area to bind to the xerogel plus will have mechanical interlocking to increase adhesion. Figure 5 illustrates in cross sectional elevation view the open pore filling. Figure 5 shows xerogel 510 including interior pores 512 away from the surface and pores 514-516 open at the surface; gapfill material layer 520 fills essentially all of pore 516 but only

roughly half of pore 514. If the gapfill material fills roughly 50% or more of the volume of the average open pores at the surface, then the contact area increase and mechanical interlocking are significant. So a gapfilling material which provides a good surface for subsequent thick dielectric deposition may be used as an adhesion layer material.

For plasma enhanced TEOS oxide (or fluorinated oxide) thick dielectric, the following materials should sufficiently fill the open pores at the xerogel surface and provide the adhesion layer: HSQ, subatmospheric ozone TEOS based CVD (SACVD), methyl silsesquioxane, Flow Fill oxide (spin on silanol from silane in hydrogen peroxide at a temperature of 0 C), and so forth.

Surface activation adhesion

Rather than apply a pore filling material such as HSQ 144 to xerogel 142 as in previous preferred embodiments to provide adhesion for deposited dielectric, an alternative preferred embodiment enhances the surface adhesion of xerogel by activating the xerogel surface with a plasma of 10-90% hydrogen and remainder argon for 1 minute with a pressure in the range of 0.1-5 Torr. The low energy plasma hydrogen removes the surface methyl groups of the hydrophobic xerogel with a net reaction such as:

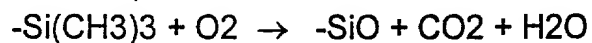
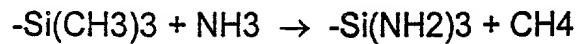


The hydrided silicon surface provides good adhesion to both deposited (fluorinated) oxides and other dielectrics such as organic polymers like parylenes.

Further, the hydrogen plasma treatment can be performed in the same chamber as the subsequent plasma-enhanced oxide deposition; so the hydrogen plasma adds little processing complexity.

The plasma activated xerogel surface also provides good adhesion for deposition of barriers such as TiN and Ta₂N as used in the previously-described damascene interconnect structure.

: Plasma surface treatment with plasmas based on other source gasses such as NH₃, O₂, ... also activate the surface by reactions like:



Surface shell adhesion

An alternative xerogel surface enhancement collapses a thin layer of the xerogel at the surface to form a relatively continuous shell; the shell provides a large contact area for deposited layers. See Figure 6 illustrating the continuous surface of the shell with collapsed pores near the surface. To form the shell, exposes the xerogel surface to ion beam bombardment. Typically, an ion implanter using an argon ion beam with a dose of 10¹⁶/cm² and an ion energy of 20 keV; alternatively, an argon plasma could provide the ion bombardment. The hard shell will be about 20-50 nm thick. The hard shell provides good surface adhesion for plasma-enhanced deposited oxide.

In effect, if the average pore diameter were D, then the portion of the xerogel within a distance of 2D of the surface would have a porosity (ratio of total pore volume to total volume) of much less than half of the porosity away from the surface.

Gel drying

The drying of the gel in foregoing preferred embodiment step (12) could also be accomplished at other temperatures and with other reducing atmospheres at various pressures. The reducing atmosphere apparently helps

remove residual adsorbants which may be partially oxidized. This treatment brings the dielectric constant down to a stable minimum for the xerogel.

In particular, heating in the range of 400-500 C for 1-60 minutes suffices for xerogel thicknesses up to 1 μm with the longer times for the lower temperatures. Typically, integrated circuit processes will have a thermal budget and an upper limit for temperature, and thus a lower temperature but longer drying may be required. However, drying with the same conditions as used for other heat treatments, such as 430 C for 30 minutes aluminum sintering in forming gas, would be convenient.

The reducing atmosphere could be at a pressure of 1 mTorr to 10 Torr and the gasses could be H_2 with an inert gas (N_2 , Ar, He,) in various proportions. Other reducing gasses such as CH_4 , NH_3 , ... are possible.

Viscosity

Spin on dielectric solutions typically consist of two components: a dissolved solid and a solvent. During the spin on process, most of the solvent evaporates leaving a greater than 90% solids content film which is subsequently polymerized during hot plate or furnace bakes. The initial solids content must be relatively small (less than 30%) to insure film thickness uniformity across the wafer and good gapfill of high aspect ratio features. This low solids content generally implies low viscosity and poor planarization.

The preferred embodiment precursor solution as used in the preceding preferred embodiments can be thought to have three components: a high vapor pressure solvent (ethanol), a low vapor pressure solvent (a polynol such as ethylene glycol), and the TEOS oligomers; the volume percentages are roughly 70% high vapor pressure solvent, 20% low vapor pressure solvent, and 10% oligomers. This three component system permits two independent stages of the spin on process. First, just as in the case of typical spin on dielectrics, the three component system can be adjusted to have low enough viscosity to insure thickness uniformity and good gapfill. However, once the high vapor pressure

ethanol has evaporated, the lower vapor pressure polynol with dissolved oligomers is still a liquid just beginning to crosslink (polymerize). This viscous liquid has already achieved good wafer thickness uniformity and gapfill and can be spun at higher speeds to achieve better planarization. For example, the initial spin on may be at 1000 rpm and the second spin after ethanol evaporation may be at 5000 rpm. Note that the final xerogel film profile will be identical to the liquified profile of the polynol/oligomer liquid after the final spin process because the sol-gel process forms a cross-linked network throughout the entire liquid volume. The two solvent sol-gel process thus enables an effective decoupling of film thickness uniformity and gapfill from planarization.

The viscosity of the polynol/oligomer liquid can be adjusted either by appropriate choice of the polynol or of the time allowed for the crosslinking to proceed before final high speed spinning. Figures 7a-b illustrates the two stage spin on: Figure 7a shows the low viscosity three component system profile after spin on at low speed with the dotted line indicating the volume decrease when the high vapor pressure solvent evaporates; and Figure 7b shows the subsequent profile after high speed spin for planarization with the viscous liquid.

Dummy metal and slotted pads

The reduced mechanical strength of xerogel compared to dense oxides imposes two potential problems at either stress concentration regions or regions with large mechanical stresses. In particular, any variation in underlying metal topography over a length scale greater than that of a few times the minimum metal pitch will result in xerogel thickness variations and initiation points for cracking. In addition, in the highly stressed bondpad regions of the chip, it would be preferable to minimize the thickness of the xerogel atop the bondpad. The preferred embodiments solve both of these problems with a combination of dummy metal in the open areas and slotted bondpads. An additional advantage of this architecture is the nearly constant height of the xerogel top surface with

respect to the silicon surface. This greatly increases the process margin of the CMP process.

Figures 8a-b show in cross sectional elevation and plan view xerogel 820 on interconnects 810-812. The preferred embodiment interconnect structure adds electrically unconnected interconnects 850-852 to fill in open areas as between 810-811 and thereby planarize the xerogel as illustrated in Figures 8c-d. Indeed, interconnects 850-852 do not connect by vias to any other level interconnects and electrically float. Also, dummy interconnects need not be of the same width as electrically active interconnects and may be segmented as shown by 852-853. Indeed, arbitrary geometric patterns with not large open areas will suffice. The dummy interconnects may be more than the minimal gap from the closest active interconnect and still fill without significant surface sloping.

The planarized xerogel implies only a minimal amount of planarization need by used; in fact, using an HSQ adhesion layer will also sufficiently planarize to avoid CMP of the overlying deposited dielectric for the next level interconnects.

With damascene structure interconnects, dummy interconnects limit open areas of xerogel and add mechanical strength and thermal conductivity to the xerogel interconnect layer; recall Figures 3b-d. Further, the interconnects (electrically active plus dummy) can provide a polish stop for direct CMP without need for the oxide and adhesion layers as in Figures 3e-f. The dummy interconnects also provide vertical thermal conduits to avoid the limited thermal conductivity of the xerogel.

Laterally extended metal structures, such as bond pads, act like elevated open areas for the spin on xerogel and thus have a thicker top layer. To further planarize the spun on xerogel, preferred embodiment bond pads and other extended metal structures are formed as a series of interconnected interconnect segment as illustrated in Figure 8e.

Thin liner

The 50 nm oxide liner on the interconnects (see liner 140 in Figure 1d) could be replaced by other dielectric materials to lower effective dielectric constant. In particular, any conformally depositable material which does not react with the interconnect metal and to which xerogel will stick could be used. For example, parylene can be conformally deposited from the vapor phase, and the subsequent xerogel will stick to parylene. Other materials include fluorinated parylenes (e.g., AF4), ...

Modifications

The preferred embodiments can be modified in various ways while retaining the features of surface adhesion, reducing atmosphere drying, and dummy interconnects with three component system for two stage spin on.

For example, the xerogel may be a hybrid organic-silica (replace the original TEOS with monomers such as $(\text{EtO})_3\text{Si-R-Si}(\text{OEt})_3$ where R is a carbon linking group such as C_6H_4), the dimensions may be scaled,

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CLAIMS (26111: Jin, List, Luttmer)

What is claimed is:

1. A dielectric layer fabrication method, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) applying a layer of dielectric precursor on a body;
 - (b) flowing a precursor reaction catalyst over said layer; and
 - (c) completing a precursor reaction to form a dielectric layer.

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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A xerogel aging system includes an aging chamber (190) with inlets and outlet and flows a gel catalyst in gas phase over a xerogel precursor film on a semiconductor wafer. Preferred embodiments use an ammonia and water vapor gas mixture catalyst.

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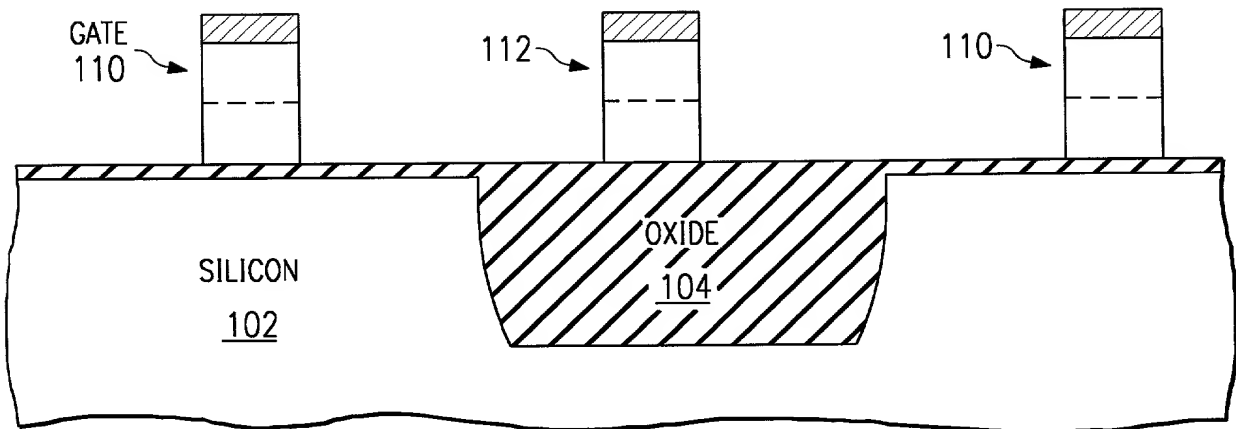


FIG. 1a

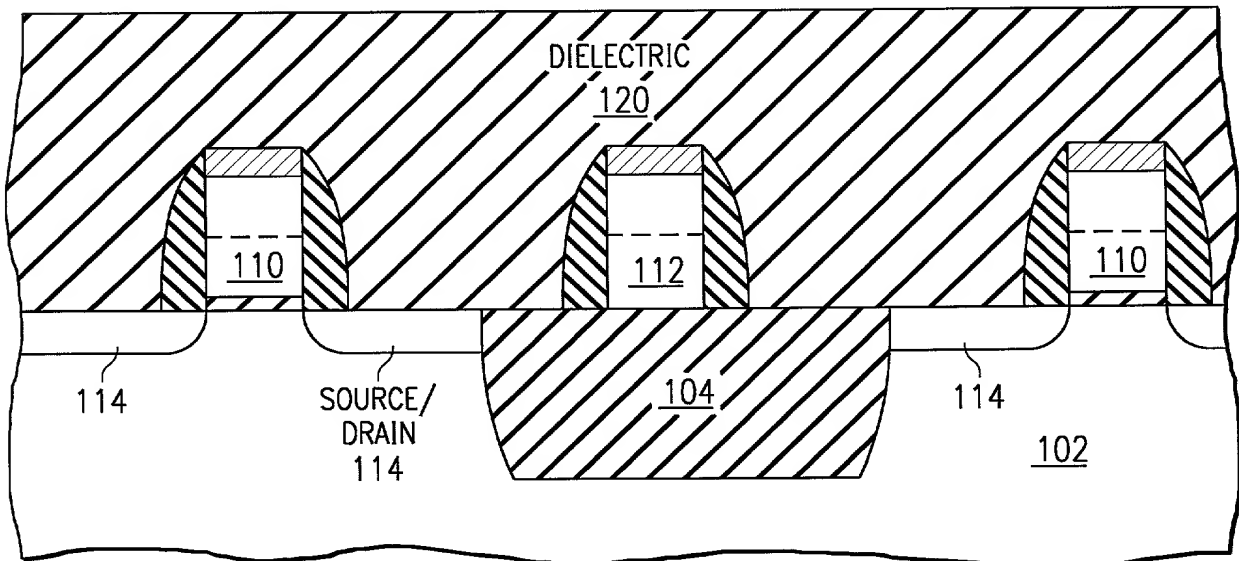


FIG. 1b

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2023 **2024** **2025** **2026** **2027** **2028** **2029** **2030**



2023 **2024** **2025** **2026** **2027** **2028** **2029** **2030**

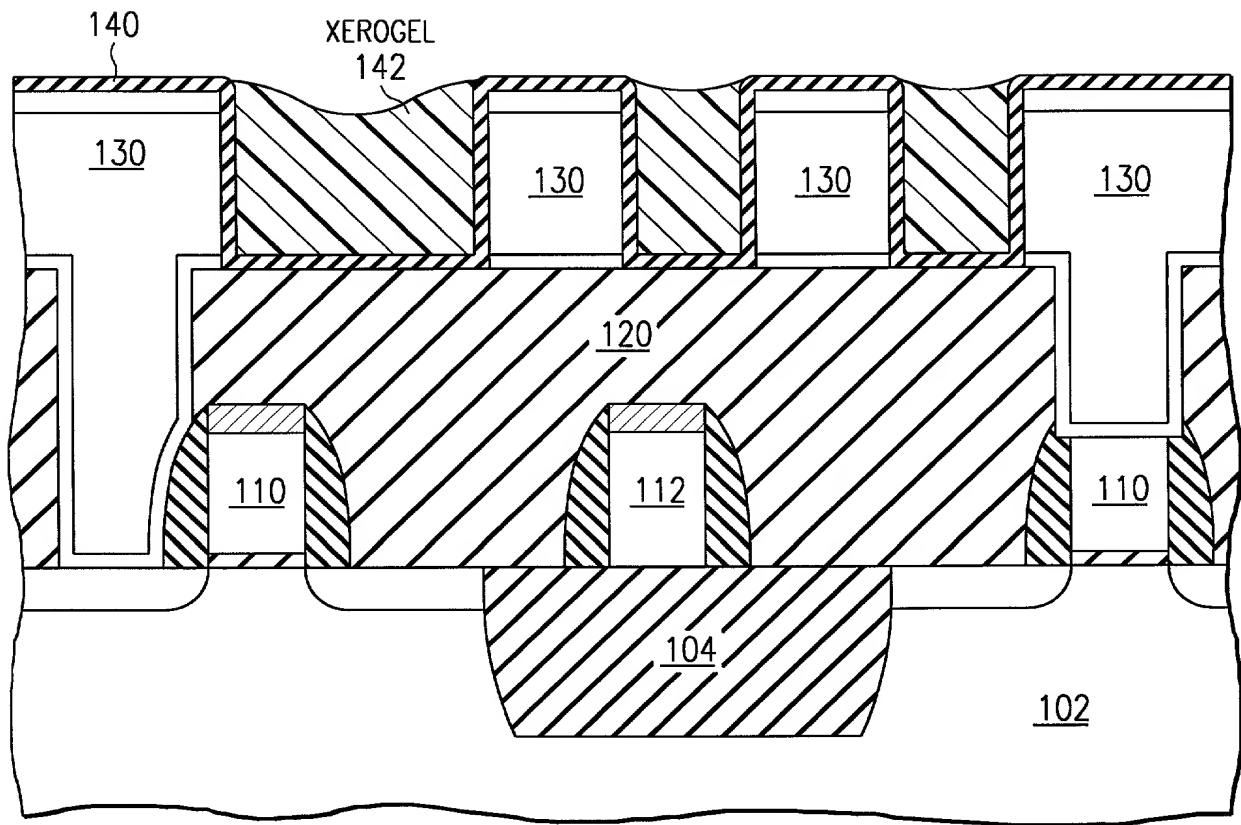


FIG. 1e

FIG. 1f

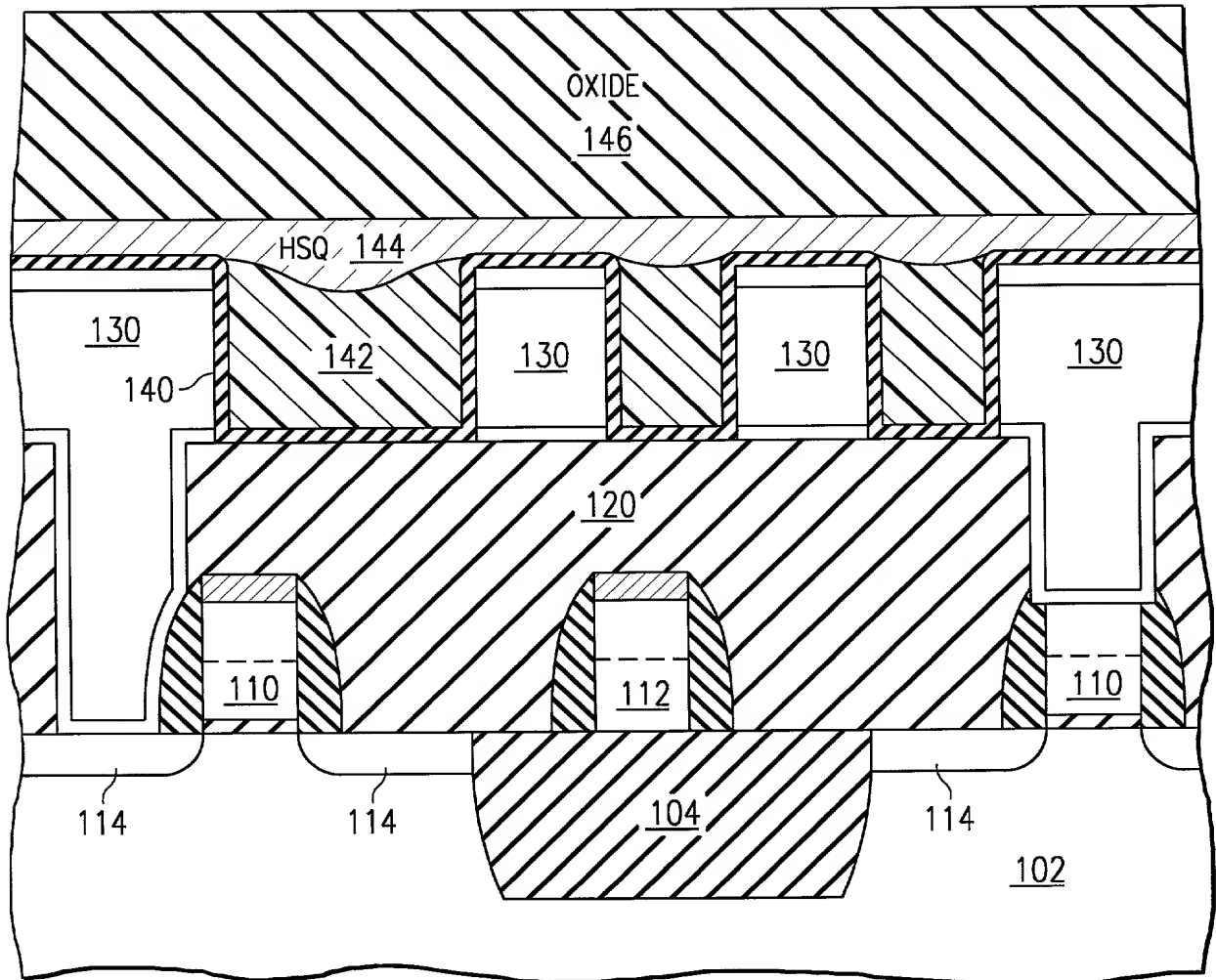


FIG. 1f

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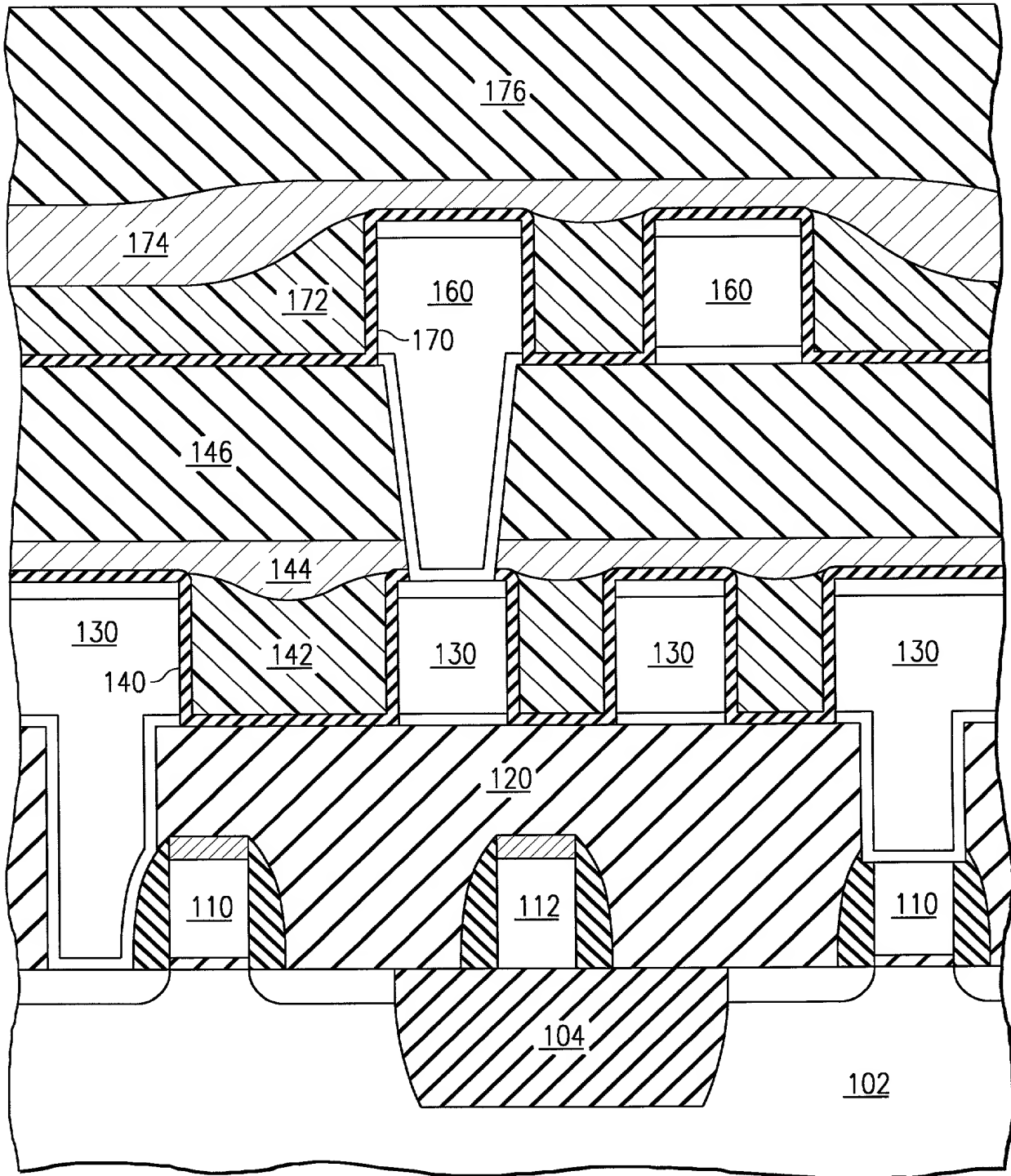


FIG. 1g

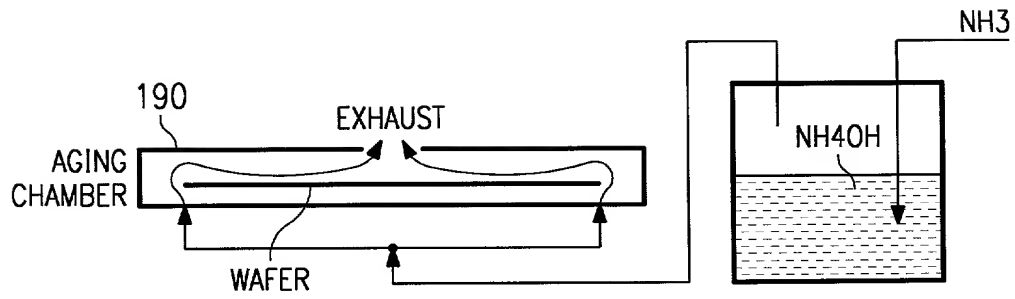


FIG. 1h

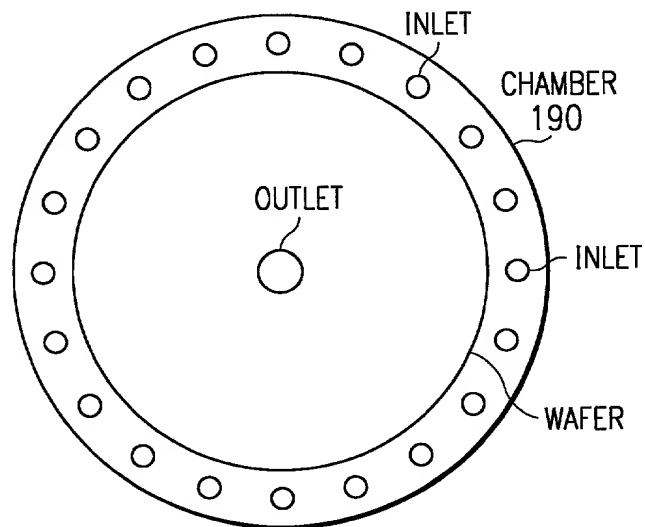


FIG. 1i

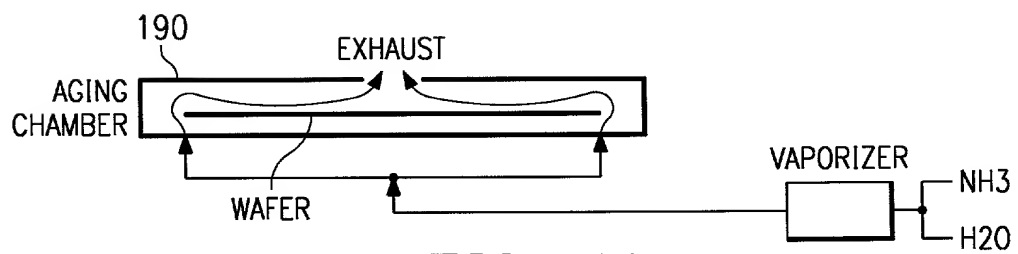


FIG. 1j

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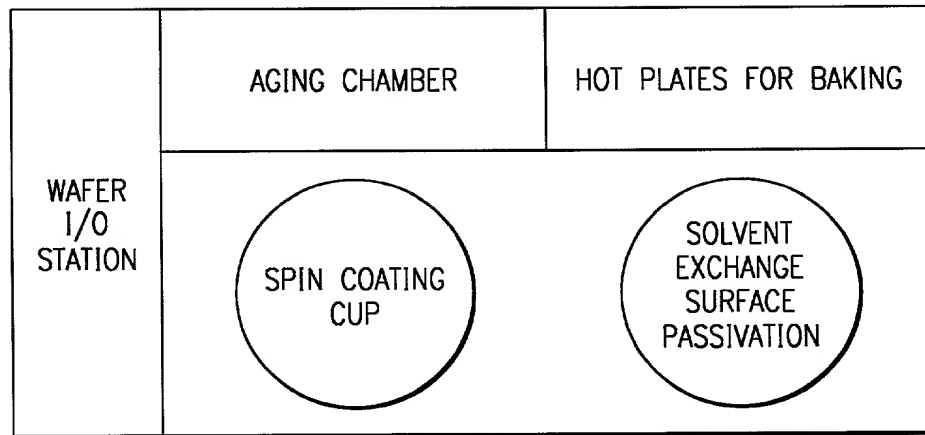


FIG. 1k

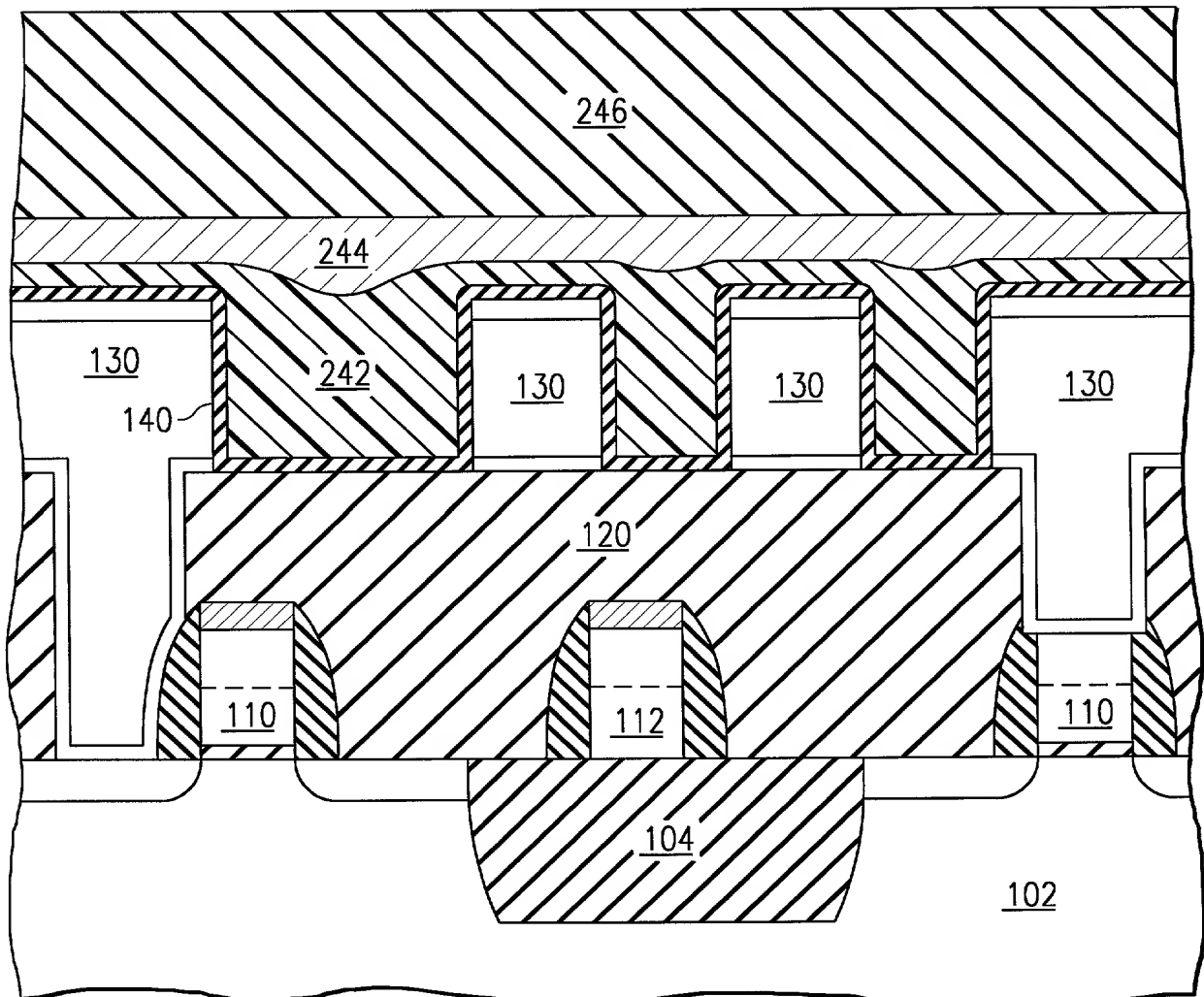


FIG. 2a

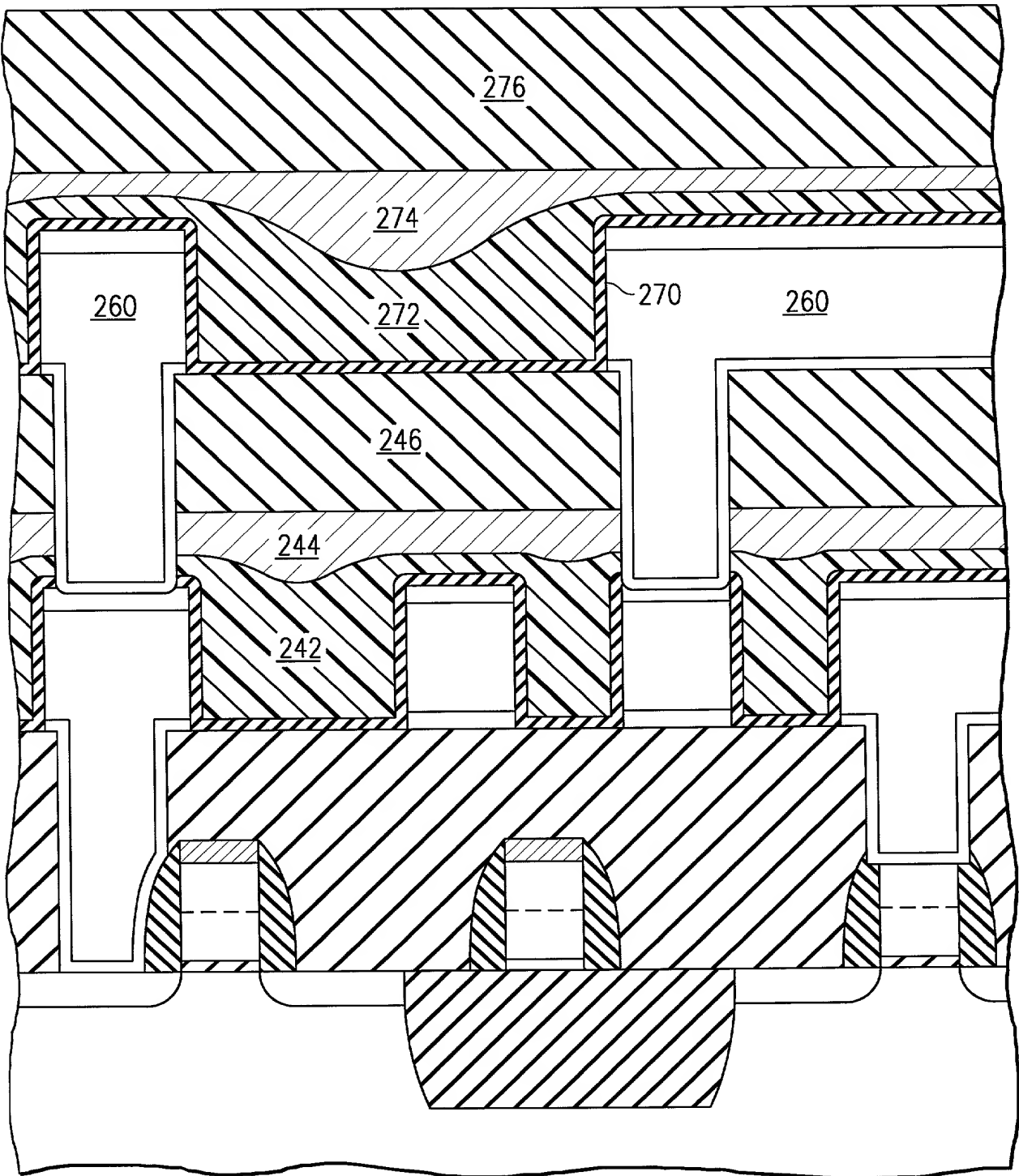


FIG. 2b

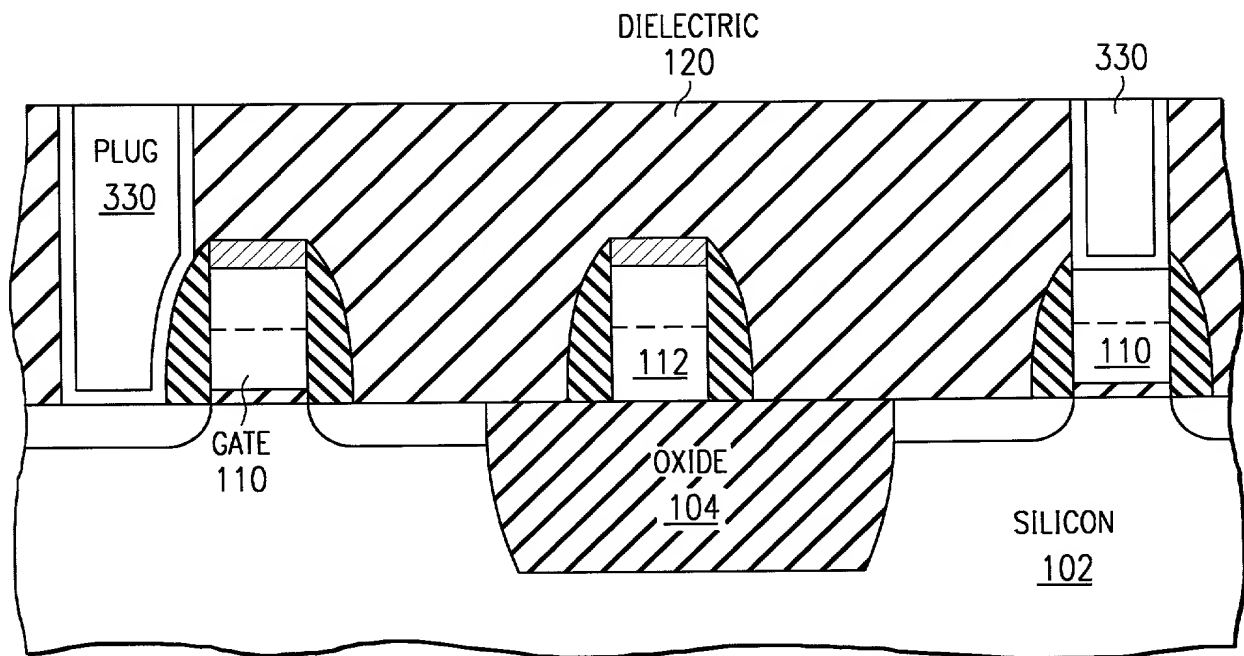


FIG. 3a

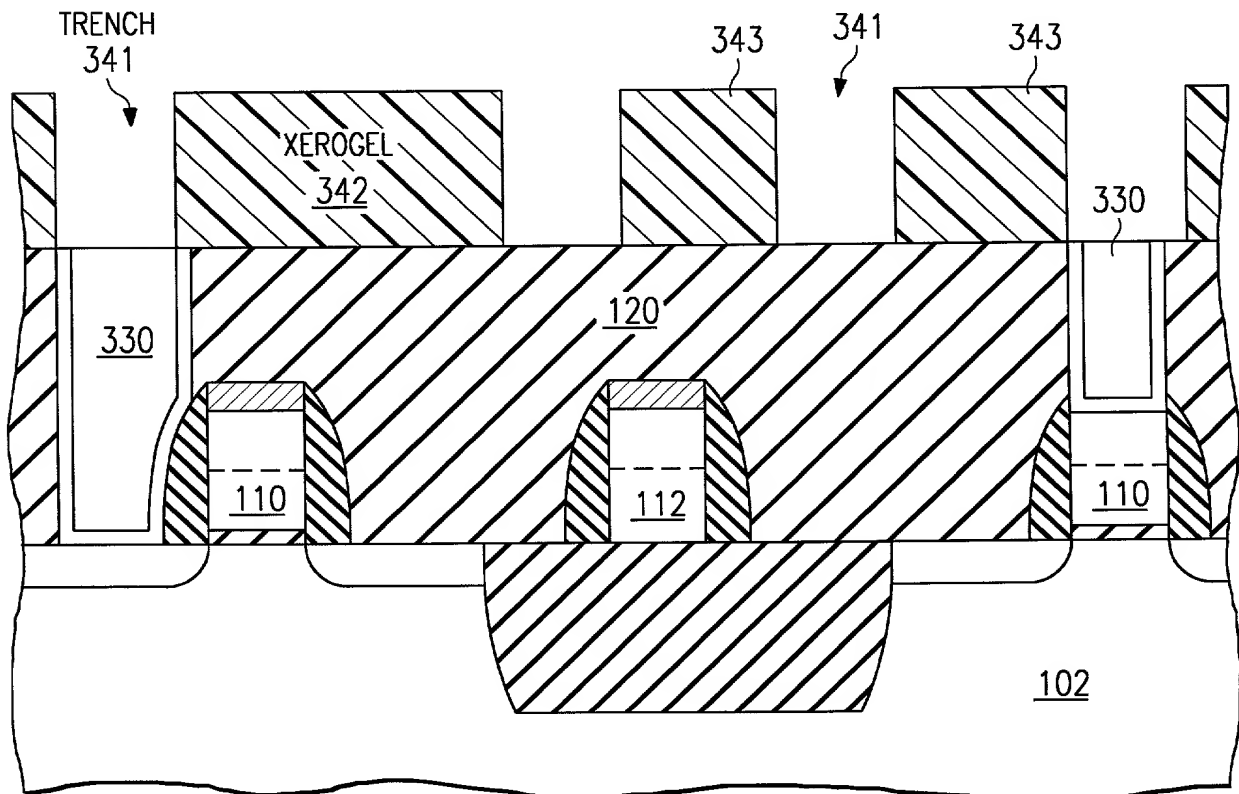


FIG. 3b

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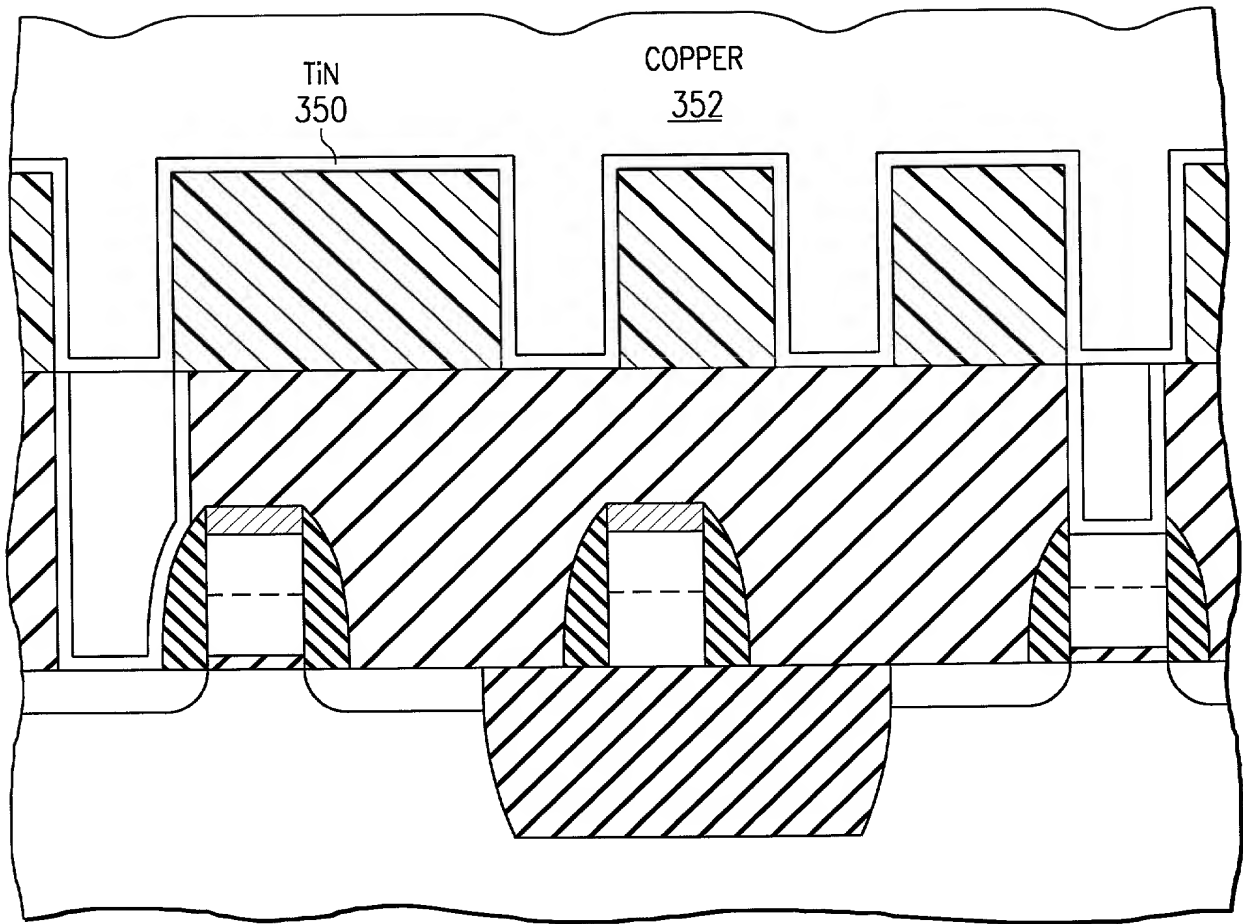


FIG. 3c

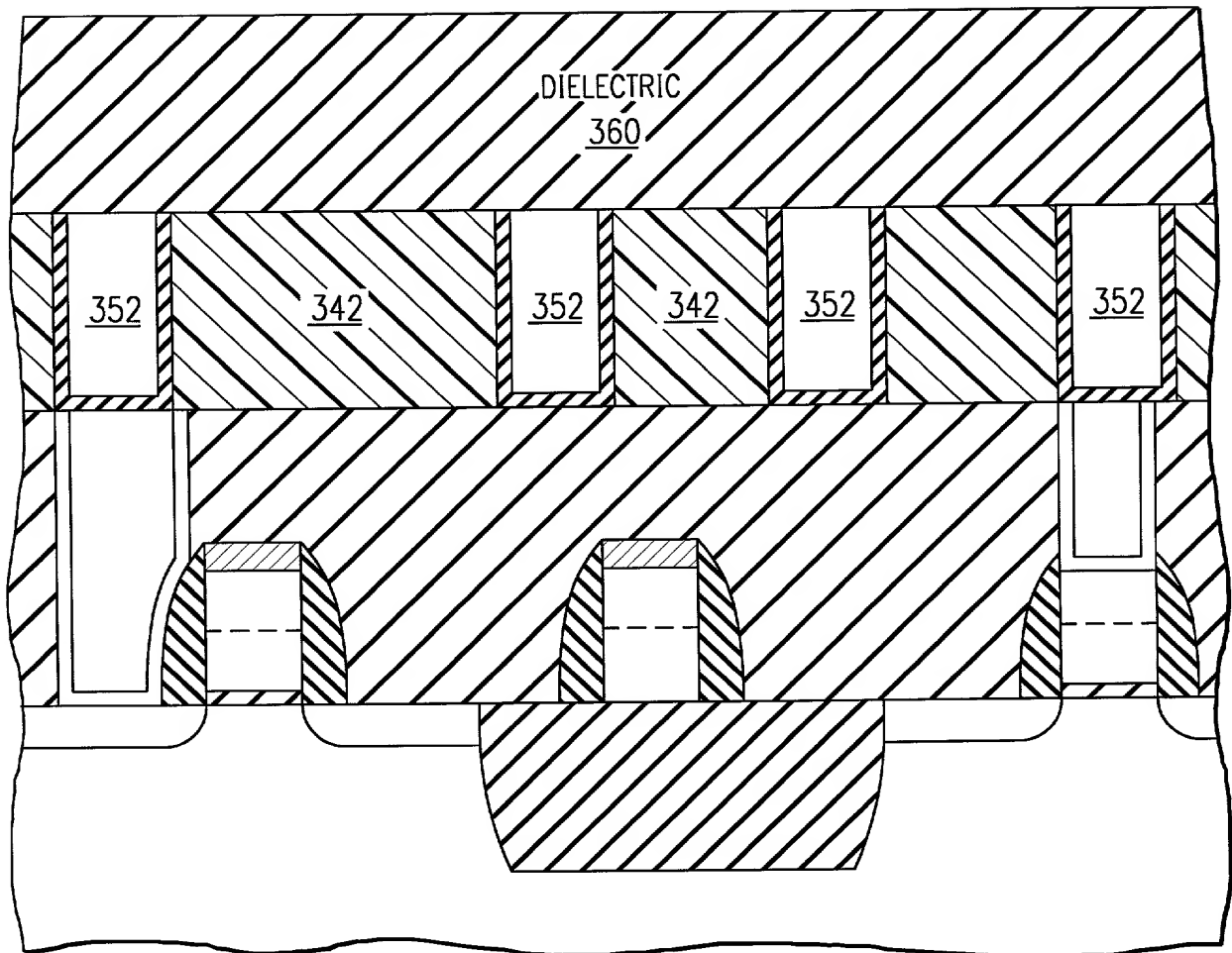


FIG. 3d

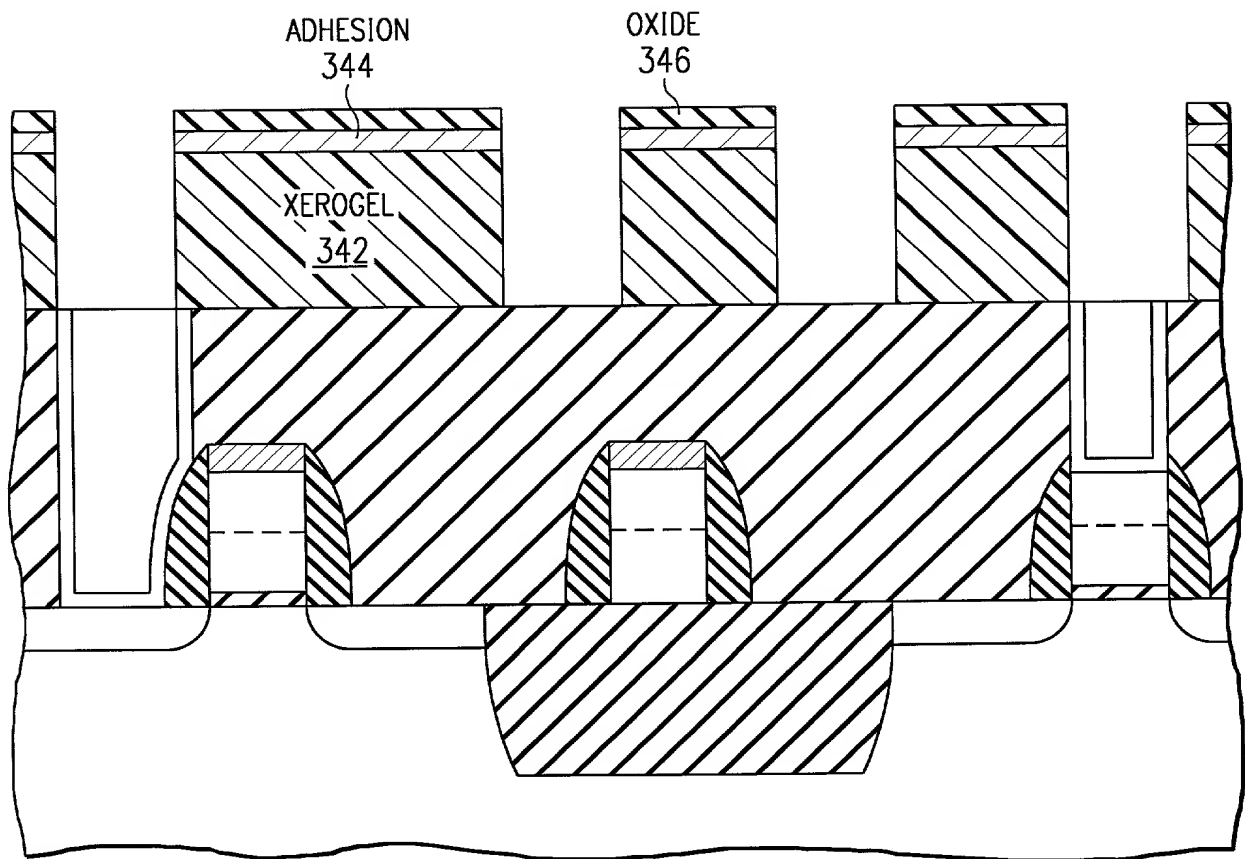


FIG. 3e

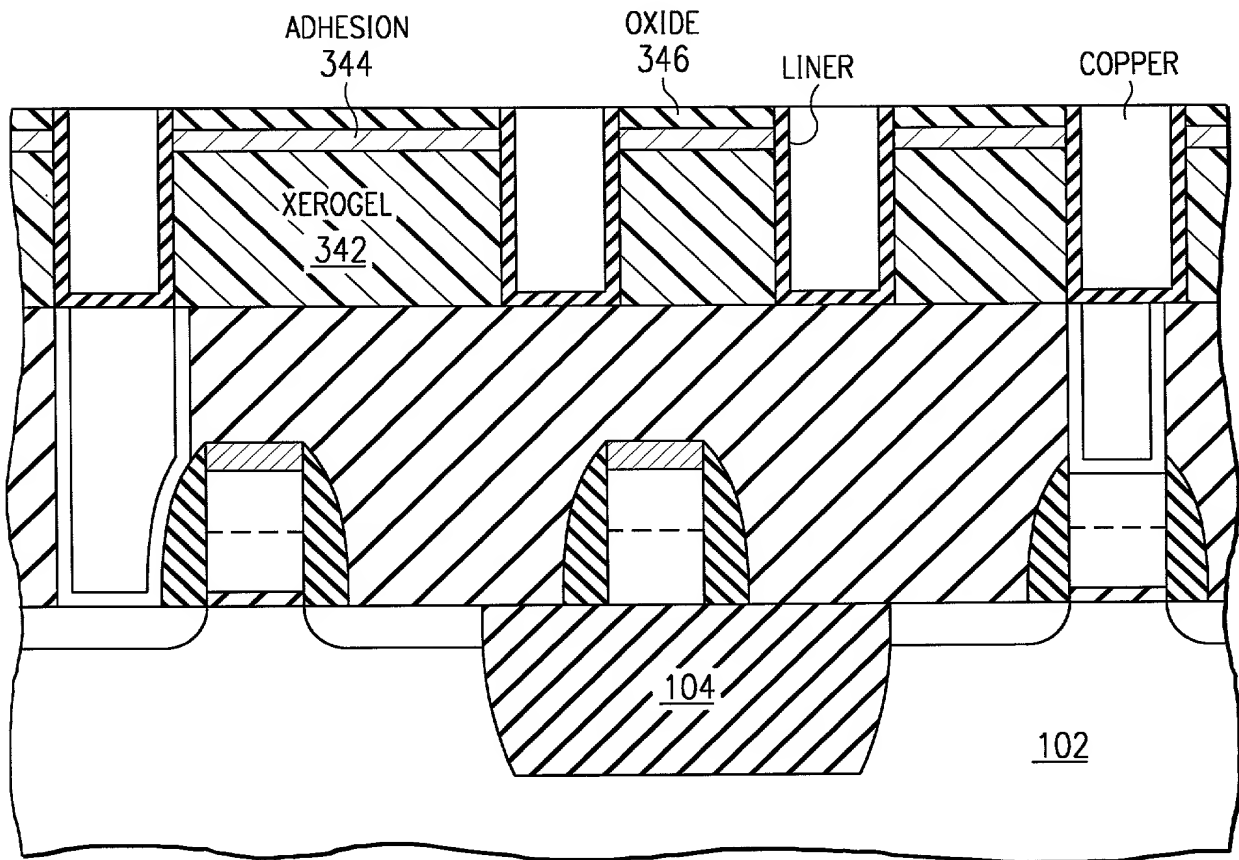


FIG. 3f

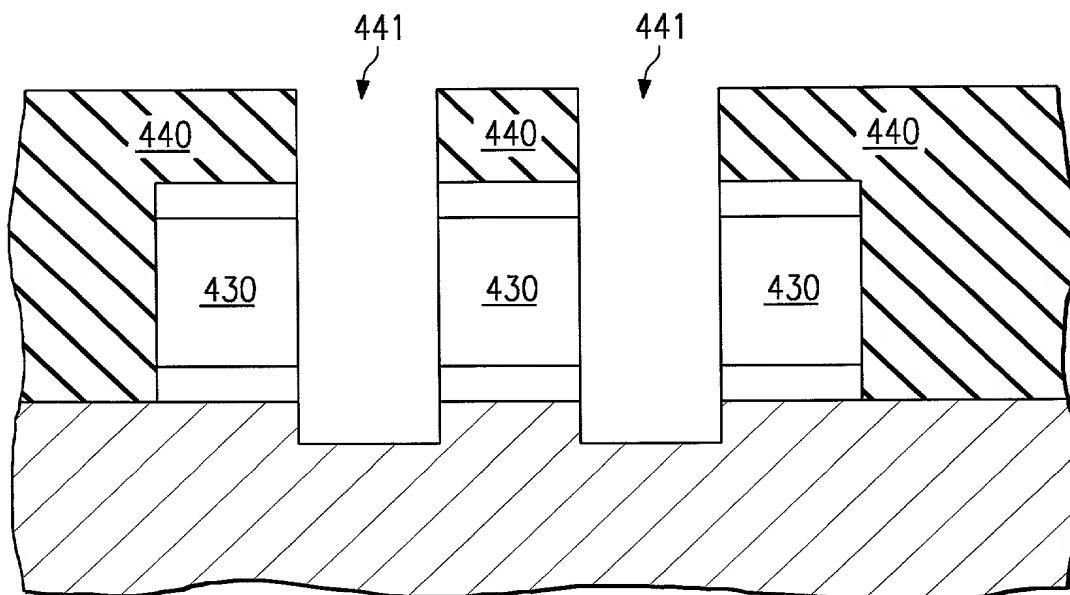


FIG. 4a

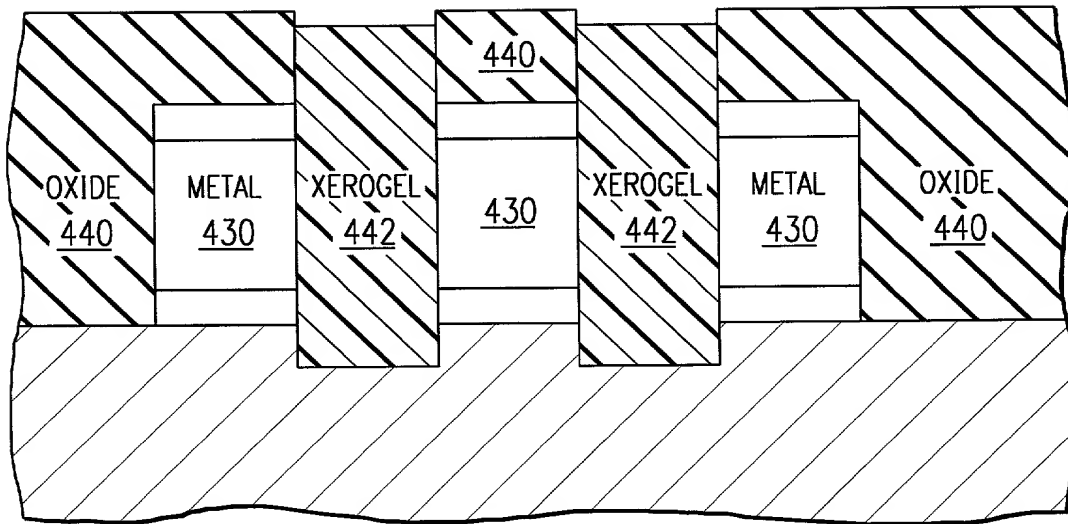


FIG. 4b

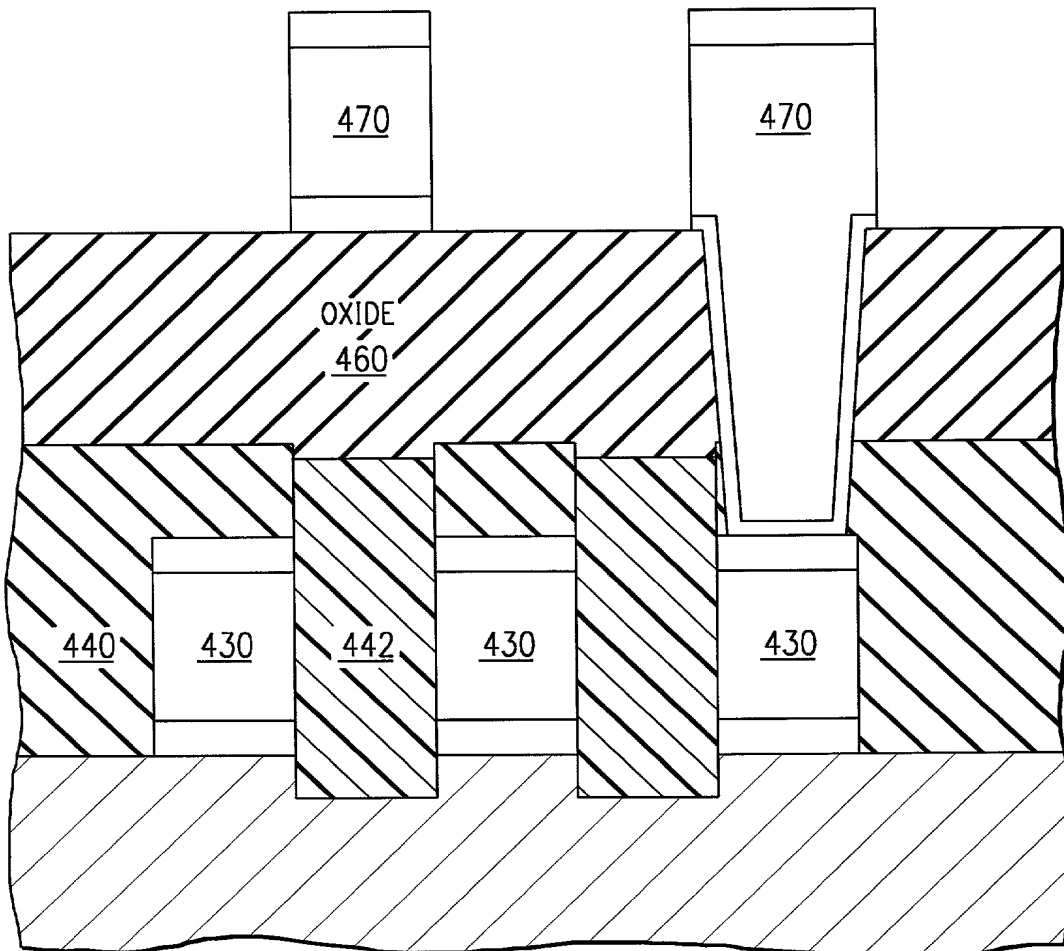
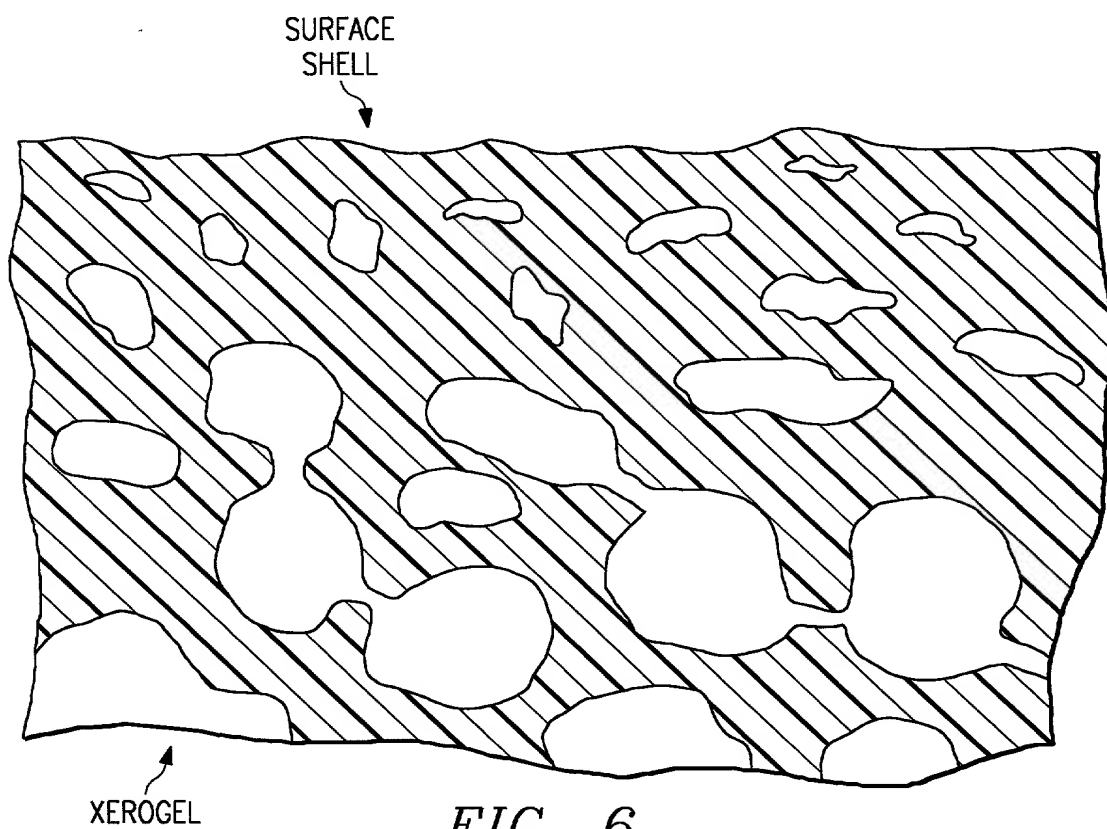
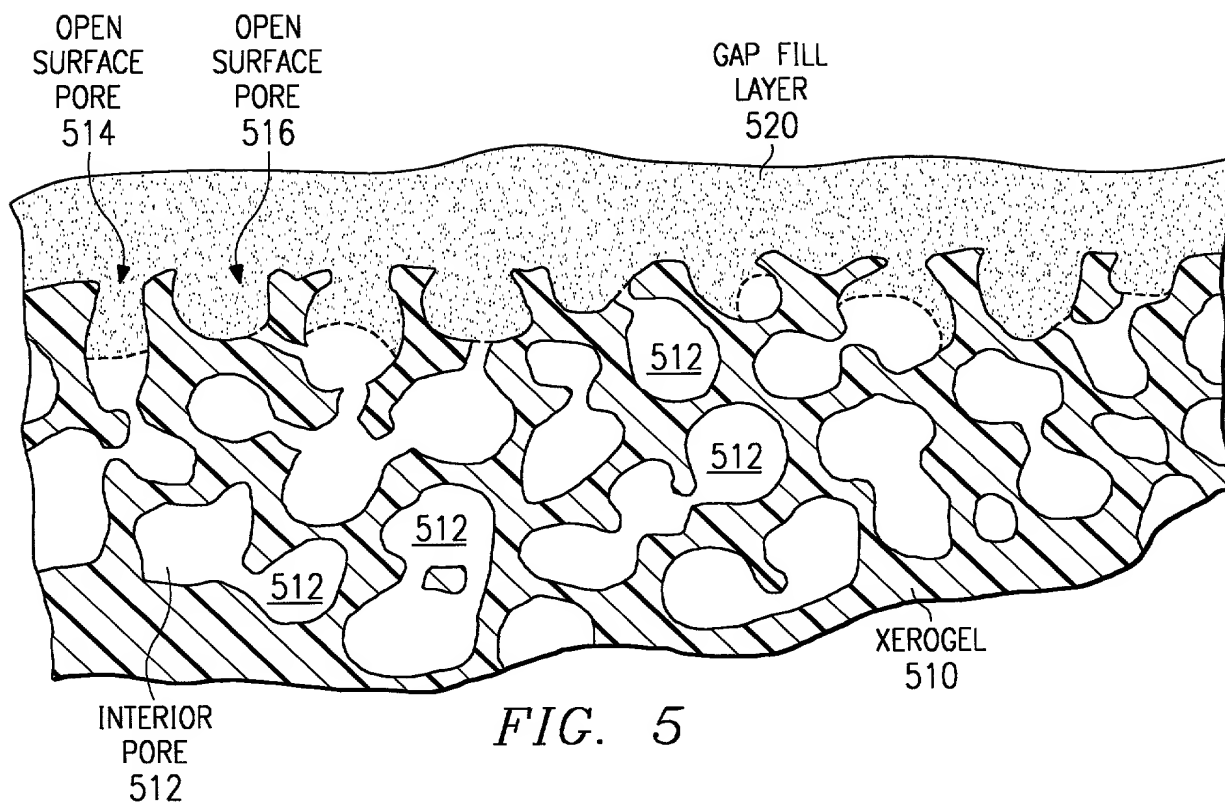


FIG. 4c

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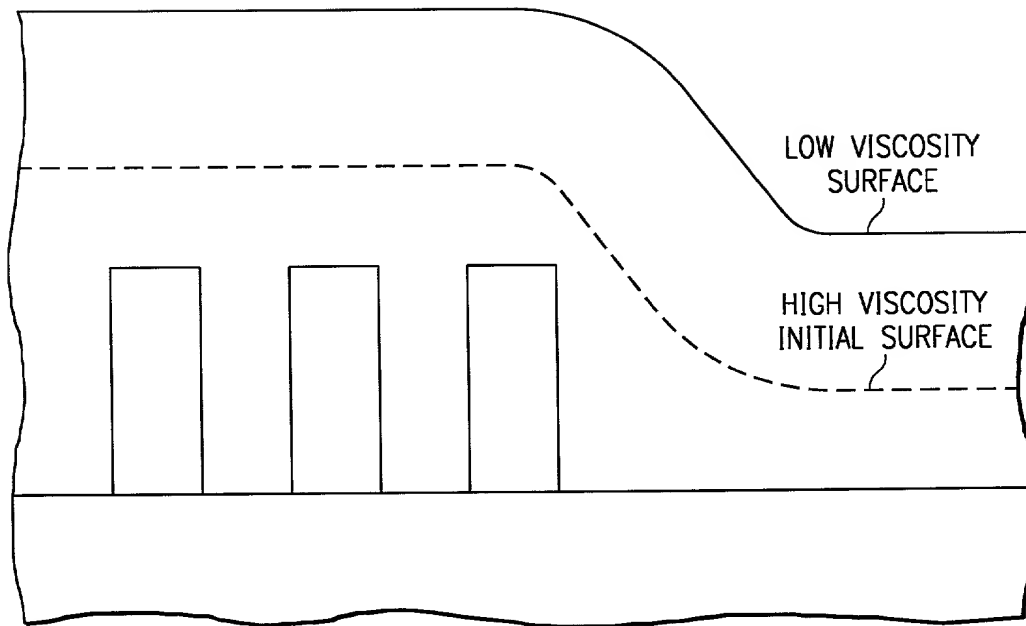


FIG. 7a

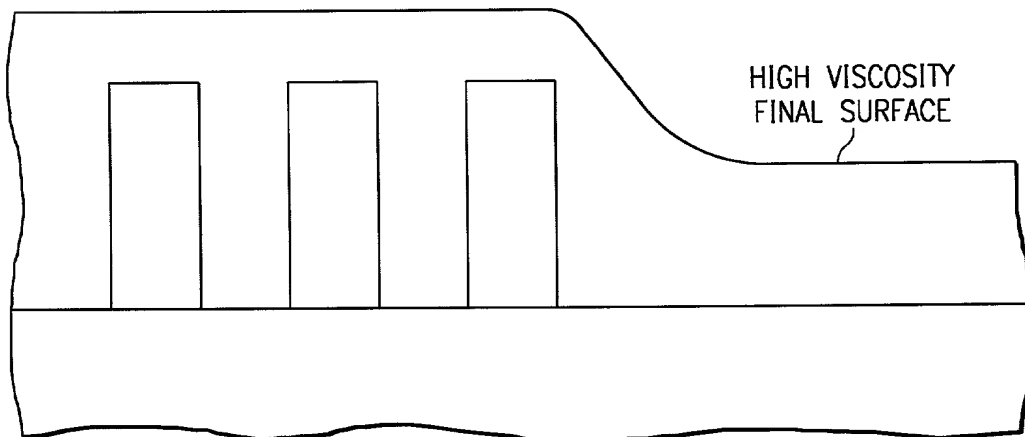


FIG. 7b

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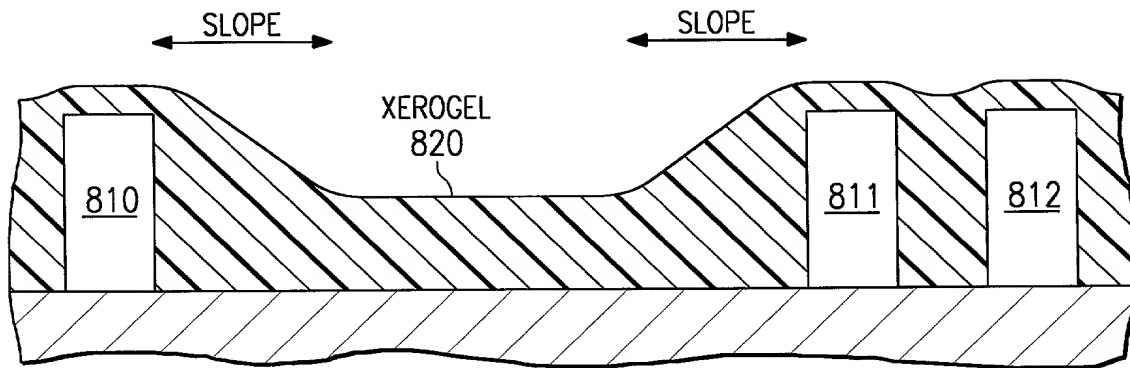


FIG. 8a

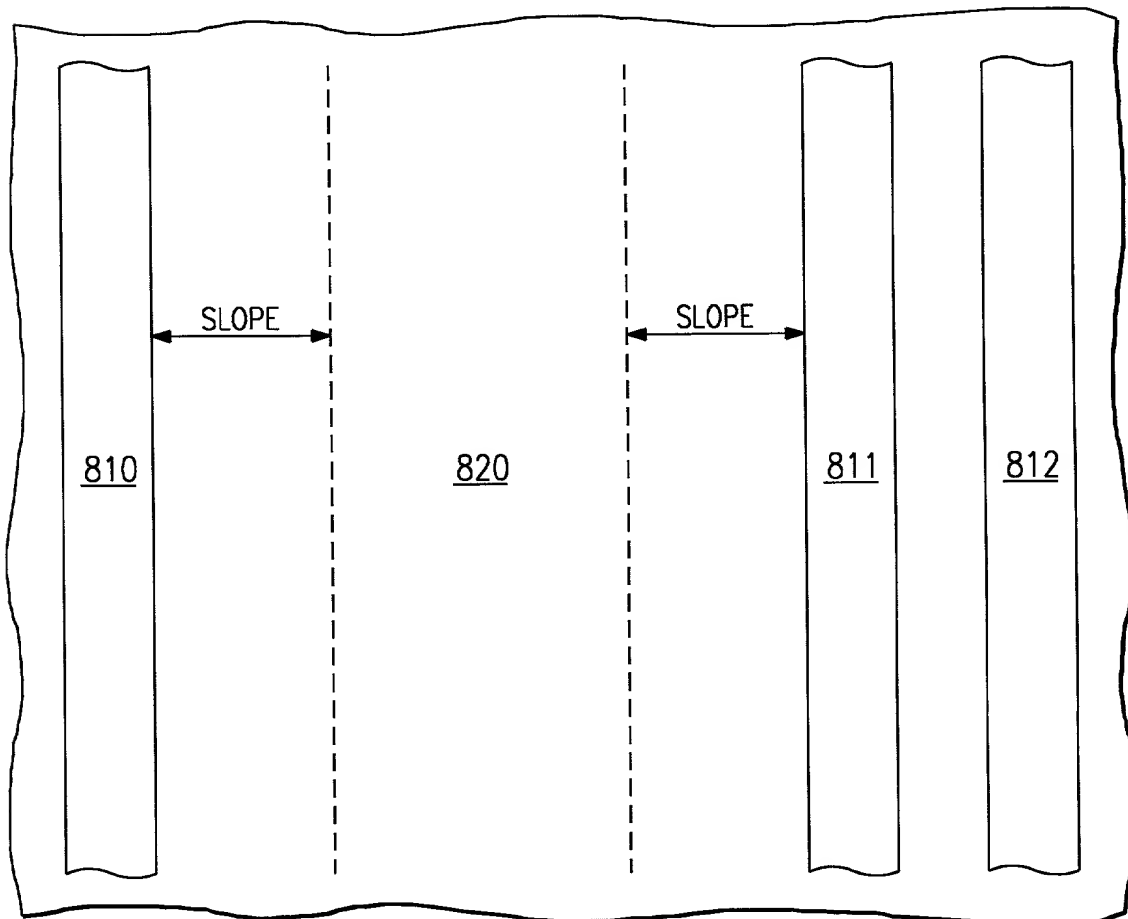


FIG. 8b

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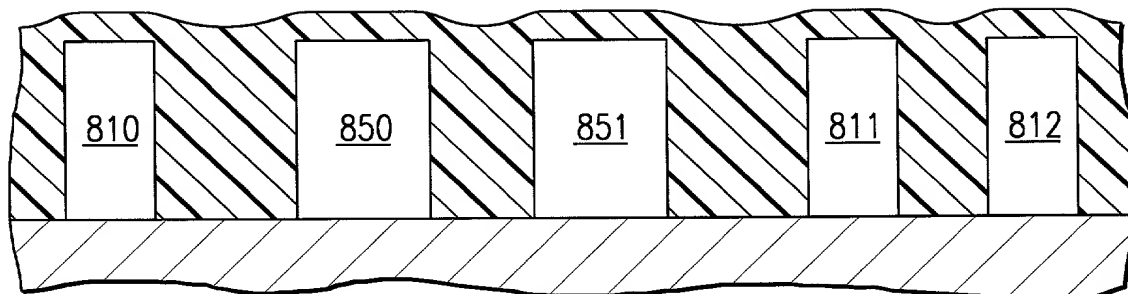


FIG. 8c

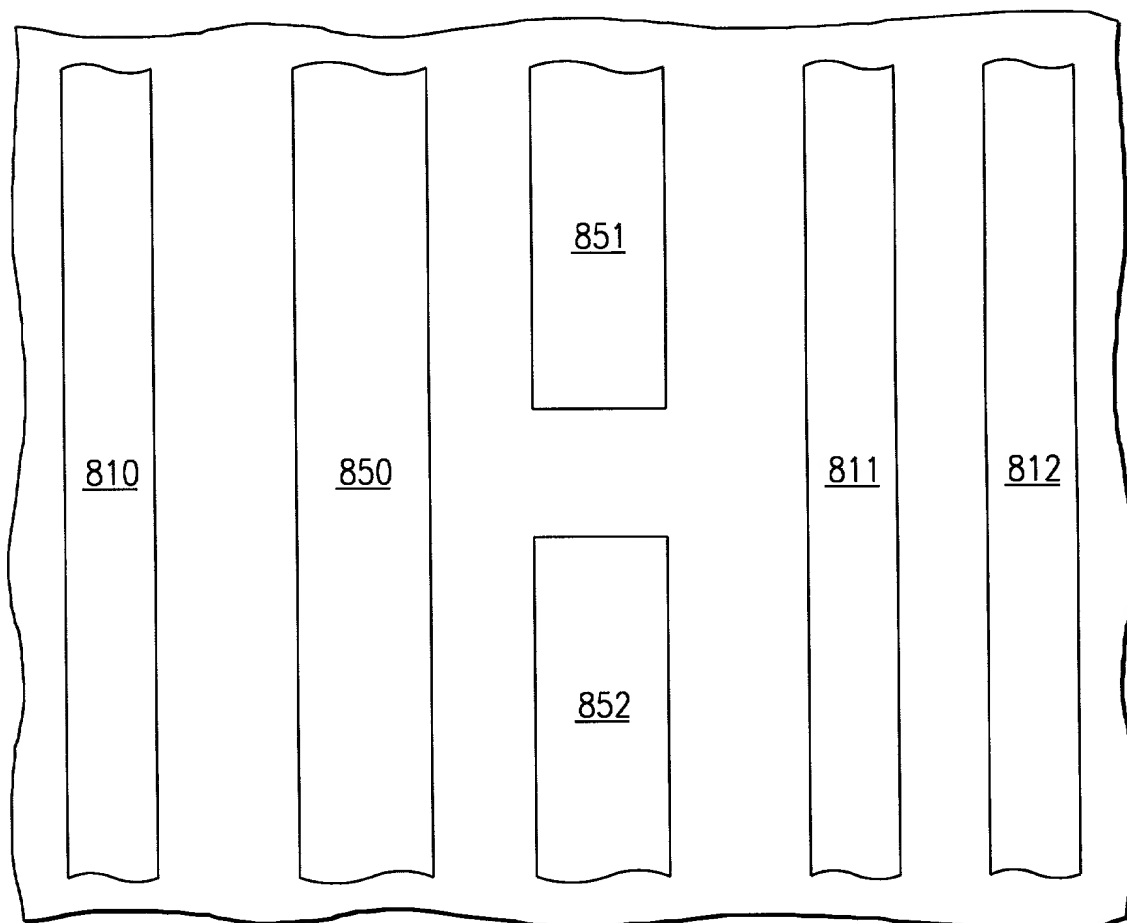


FIG. 8d

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865207 64284760

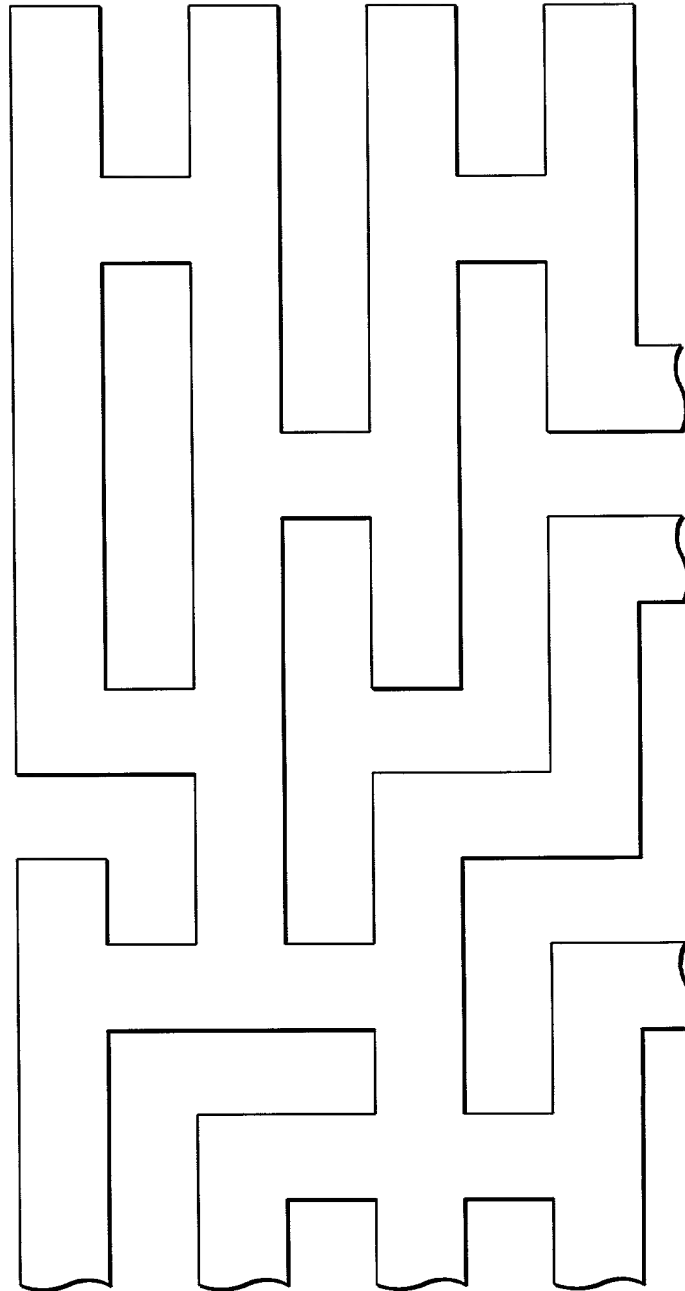


FIG. 8e

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I verily believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor if only one name is listed below, or an original, first and joint inventor if plural inventors are named below, of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: Integrated Circuit Dielectric and Method, which:

(a) X is attached hereto.

(b) was filed on as Serial No. .

(c) was described and claimed in PCT International Application No. filed on and as amended under PCT

Article 19 on (if any).

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims as amended by any amendment specifically referred to in the oath or declaration;

No application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention has been filed by me or by my legal representatives or assigns in any country foreign to the United States of America;

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations Section 1.56(a);

I hereby claim that benefit under Title 35, United States Code Section 120 of any United States applications listed below and, insofar as the subject-matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Serial No. , filed on .

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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86E30T 64E82T60

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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